

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION (ONLINE) SEMESTER II SESSION 2019/2020

COURSE NAME	ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC
	TECHNOLOGY

- COURSE CODE : BDA 14303
- PROGRAMME CODE : BDD
- EXAMINATION DATE : JULY 2020
- DURATION : 3 HOURS
- INSTRUCTION
- : PART A: ANSWER **TWO (2)** QUESTIONS **ONLY**

PART B: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **TEN (10)** PAGES



PART A:

Q1 (a) Explain the definition of terms below in electricity.

- (i) One volt
- (ii) One ampere

(4 marks)

(b) **Table Q1(b)** shows the electrical appliances operating in a residential house.

Electrical Appliances	Power (W,Watt)
Fan	500
Light	50
Refrigerator	250
Television	100
Air conditioner	800

Table Q1(b)

- (i) Determine the monthly energy (kWh) used in ALL operating electrical appliances used for 2 hours/day in December.
- (ii) Calculate the cost (RM) applied in December by assuming the rate as RM0.80/kWh.

(6 marks)

(c) Given R1 = 25 kΩ, R2 = 10 kΩ, R3 = 5 kΩ, R4 = 15 kΩ, R5 = 1 kΩ and R6 = 6 kΩ in Figure Q1(c), use Wye-Delta transformation to solve the total resistance, R_T and current, I.

(10 marks)



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Q2 (a) Explain the steps required to obtain the solution in electric circuits by nodal analysis.

(4 marks)

(b) As shown in Figure Q2(b), use nodal analysis to find the current I_{o} .

(9 marks)

(c) From the circuit as shown in Figure Q2(c), find the branch currents $(i_1, i_2 \text{ and } i_3)$ using mesh analysis.

(7 marks)

- Q3 (a) Superposition theorem is used to obtain the parameter values in the electrical network. Explain the steps of implementing superposition theorem in electrical network analysis.
 - (b) **Figure Q3(b)** shows electrical circuit that consist of a current and voltage independent sources. Use the superposition theorem to find the value of v in the circuit.

(6 marks)

(4 marks)

(c) Figure Q3(c) shows electrical network that consist of three independent sources and one dependent source. Using superposition theorem, calculate the value of V_{R2} on 3Ω resistor.

(10 marks)



PART B:

Q4 (a) Sketch graph for sin waveform and cosine waveform for AC voltage and AC current.

(4 marks)

(b) Obtain the energy stored in each capacitor in Figure Q4(b) under DC conditions.

(6 marks)

(c) Determine the current through a 200 μ F capacitor whose voltage is shown in Figure Q4(c). Sketch graph for current, I versus time, t.

(10 marks)

Q5 (a) State two (2) differences between AC motor and DC motor.

(4 marks)

(b) Given a sinusoid

$$v(t) = 20\cos\left(50t + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

Find the:

- (i) Amplitude
- (ii) Phase
- (iii) Period
- (iv) Frequency

(8 marks)

(c) A 50.0 Ω resistor (R), a 0.100 H (L) inductor and a 10.0 μ F capacitor (C) are connected in series to a 60.0 Hz source (V) as shown in Figure Q5(c). The rms current, Irms in the circuit is 2.75A. Find the rms voltage across the resistor, inductor and capacitor.

(8 marks)

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Q6 (a) Differentiate between a step-up transformer and a step-down transformer.

(4 marks)

- (b) An ideal transformer is rated at 2400/120V, 9.6kVa, and has 50 turns on the secondary side. Calculate:
 - (i) The turn ratio
 - (ii) The number of turns on the primary side
 - (iii) The current rating for the primary and secondary winding

(6 marks)

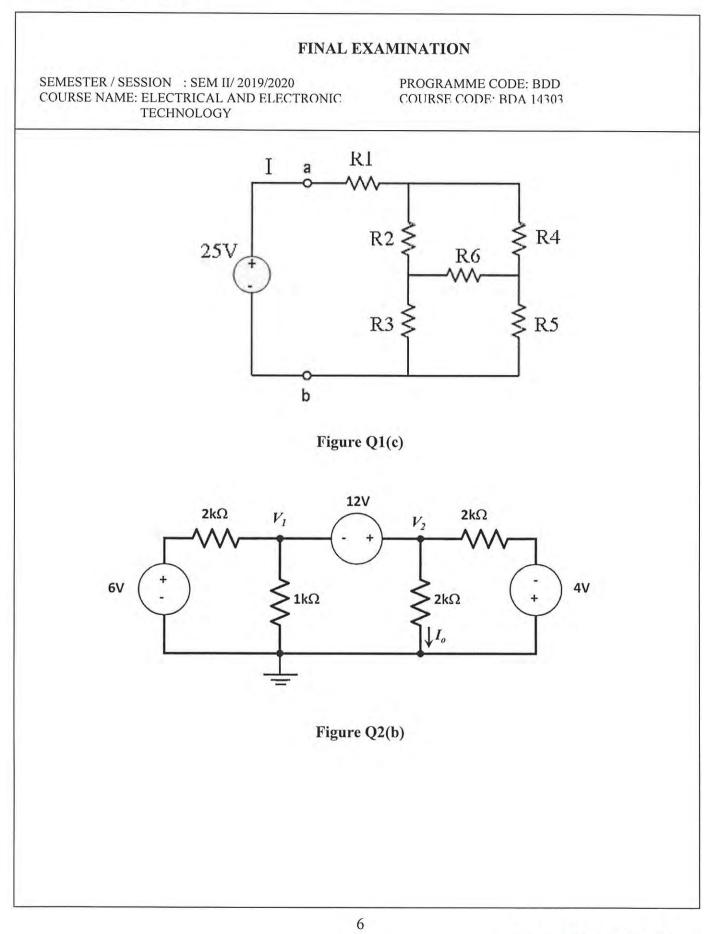
- (c) Analyze the logic circuit in **Figure Q6(c)**. Obtain:
 - (i) The Boolean expression for Z
 - (ii) The truth table for the logic circuit

(10 marks)

-END OF QUESTIONS -

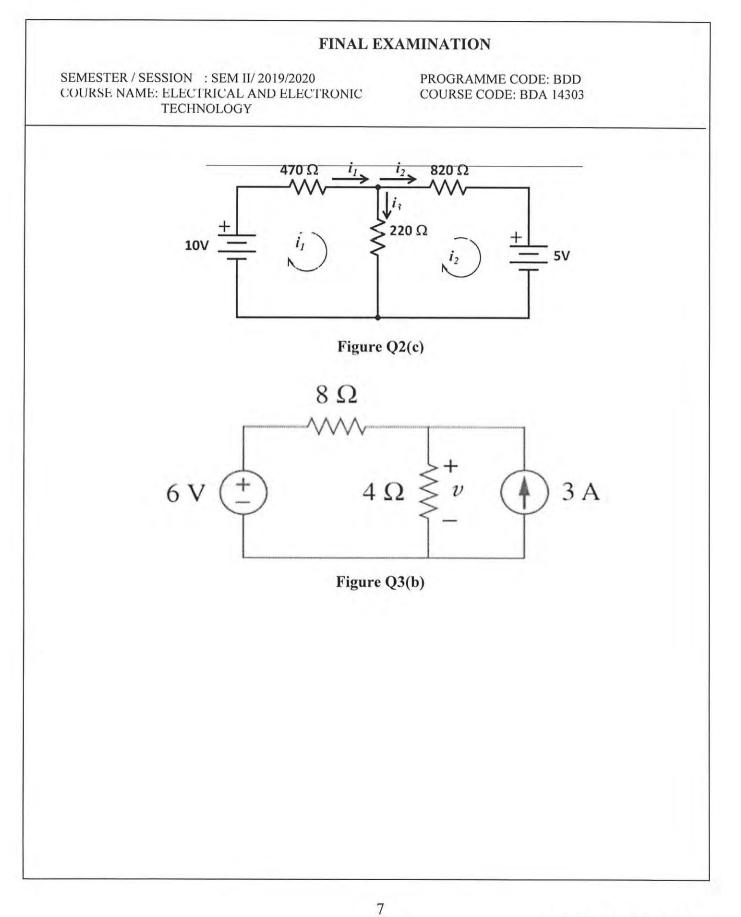
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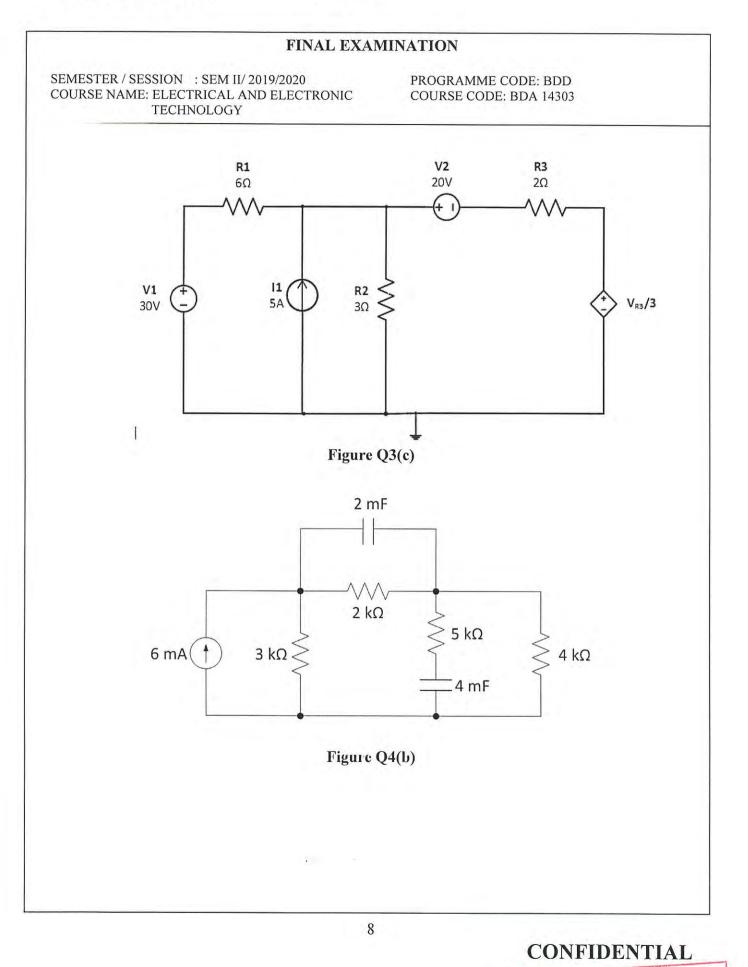


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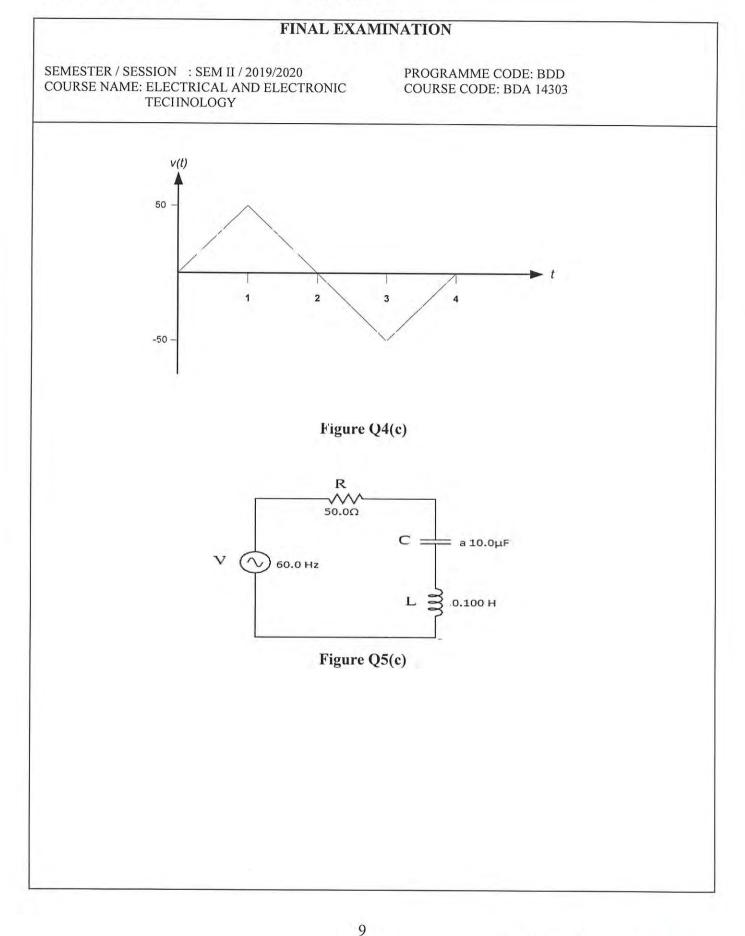


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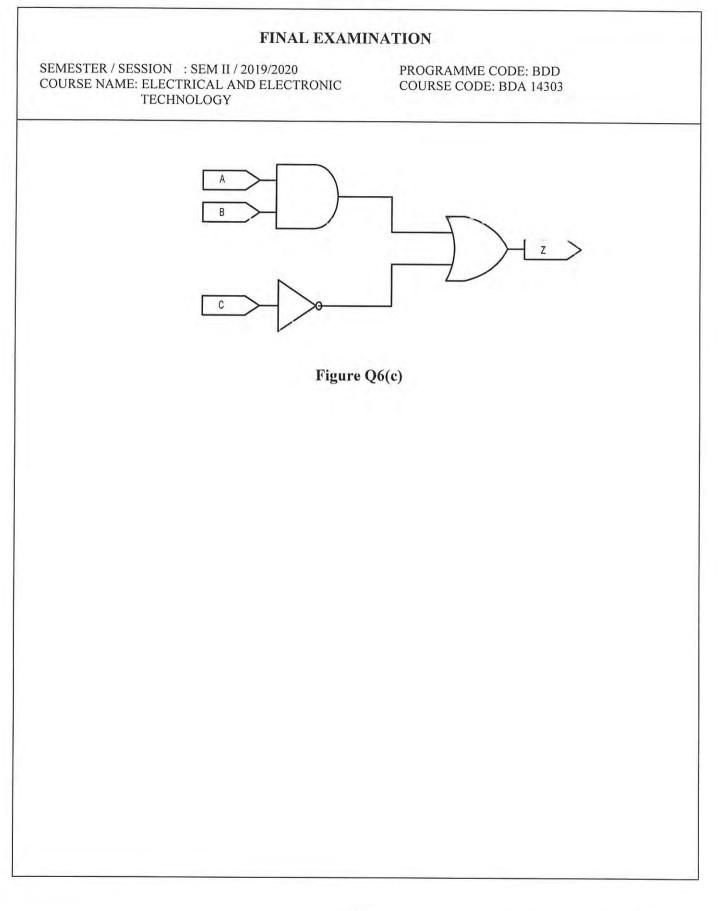


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