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UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER II
SESSION 2021/2022**

COURSE NAME : ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL
EQUATIONS / ENGINEERING
MATHEMATICS II

COURSE CODE : BEE11203 / BEE11403

PROGRAMME CODE : BEJ / BEV

EXAMINATION DATE : JULY 2022

DURATION : 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION : 1. ANSWER **ALL** QUESTIONS.
2. THIS FINAL EXAMINATION
IS AN **ONLINE** ASSESSMENT
AND CONDUCTED VIA **OPEN
BOOK.**

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **FOUR (4)** PAGES

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- Q1** (a) Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{3xy}$,
- (i) Justify if the given differential equation is homogeneous? (2 marks)
 - (ii) State your reason for **Q1(a)(i)**. (1 mark)
 - (iii) Find the general solution of the given differential equation in **Q1(a)**. (9 marks)
- (b) Given a first order differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-x^2} (2x + 1) \sin x - 2xy$
- (i) Justify if the given differential equation is linear? (1 mark)
 - (ii) Identify $p(x)$ and $q(x)$ (1 mark)
 - (iii) Find the particular solution if the initial condition is given as $y(0) = 5$ (11 marks)

Q2 Given a second order linear differential equation as follows,

$$4y'' - 27y' - 7y = \cosh(7x) - 2e^{-\frac{x}{4}}$$

- (a) Identify the case for the complementary function of the given differential equation. (3 marks)
- (b) Convert $f(x)$ in terms of exponential functions. (1 mark)
- (c) Solve for the particular integral function y_p , by using Undetermined Coefficient method. (15 marks)
- (d) Obtain the general solution. (1 mark)
- (e) Calculate the particular solution if the initial conditions are given as $y(0) = \frac{1513}{756}$ and $y'(0) = 0$ (5 marks)

Q3 Given the following system of first-order differential equations.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{dy_1}{dt} \\ \frac{dy_2}{dt} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 & -2 \\ 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} e^{6t}$$

- (a) Express the general solution Y_c of the homogeneous system. (7 marks)
- (b) Obtain the particular integral Y_p for the non-homogenous system. (12 marks)
- (c) Formulate the general solution for the non-homogenous system. (2 marks)
- (d) Determine the particular solution for the non-homogenous system if $t = 0, y_1 = 1, y_2 = 1$. (4 marks)

Q4 **Figure Q4** below shows an *RLC* circuit with $L = 4H$, $R = 100\Omega$ and $C = 0.01F$ which is initially at rest, $V(0) = 0$. A power source of $E(t) = \sin 2t$ is applied to the circuit for the first 10 seconds.

- (a) Show that the RLC circuit can be modelled by

$$LC \frac{d^2V_o}{dt^2} + RC \frac{dV_o}{dt} + V_o = E(t)$$

(5 marks)

- (b) By using Laplace transform, find the output voltage $V_o(t)$.

(20 marks)

- END OF QUESTIONS -

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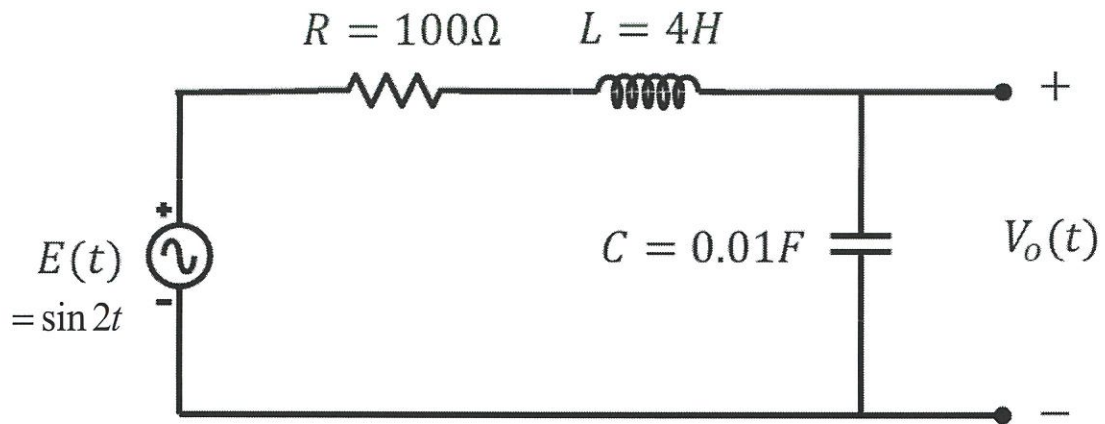


Figure Q4: *RLC* circuit