

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER I SESSION 2021/2022

COURSE NAME

: CELL AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

COURSE CODE

BWJ 21203

PROGRAMME CODE

BWW

EXAMINATION DATE :

JANUARY / FEBRUARY 2022

DURATION

3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION

1. ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS.

2. THIS FINAL EXAMINATION IS AN **ONLINE** ASSESSMENT AND CONDUCTED VIA **OPEN BOOK**.

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF THREE (3) PAGES

.



CONFIDENTIAL

BWJ 21203

Ų	(a)	Describe how "natura non facit saltus" and "scala naturae" change our understanding on cell biology?
		(6 marks)
	(b)	By using your understanding on protein structure, discuss how protein can accurately fold into its final conformation.
		(6 marks)
	(c)	Outline FOUR (4) different mechanisms that allow the active sites of an enzyme to perform catalysis while speeding up reaction and lowering activation energy barier.
		(8 marks)
Q2	(a)	Demonstrate the importance of membrane carbohydrates in immune response of an organism. Provide ONE (1) example to support your answer. (6 marks)
	(b)	By providing appropriate example, explain the diversity of genomes in organisms. (4 marks)
	(c)	Demonstrate step by step how protein interactions help the packaging of 2 nm double-helix structure of DNA sequence into 700 nm chromatid containing hundreds to thousands of gene.
		(10 marks)
Q3	(a)	Differentiate TWO (2) metabolic controls involving gene expression in prokaryortes that avoids wasting resources to produce a substance readily available in a cell.
		(8 marks)
	(b)	Differentiate TWO (2) types of negative gene regulation in prokaryorte by providing appropriate example for each.
		(6 marks)
	(c)	Explain THREE (3) mechanisms of gene regulation in eukaryorte. (6 marks)
Q4	(a)	State FOUR (4) important process to extract, manipulate and analyze nucleic acids. (4 marks)
	(b)	Explain the functions of DNA Ladder and DNA dye in electrophoresis process. (4 marks)
	(c)	Demonstrate THREE (3) significant contributions of biotechnology during the current COVID-19 pandemic.
		(6 marks)

TERBUKA

(d) Analyze the implications of commercializing genetically modified organism agricultural products to environment in Malaysia.

(6 marks)

Q5 (a) Describe FOUR (4) sources of genetic variation in a wild population of *Manis javanica* that have been accumulated over 16 million years of its evolutionary history in Southeast Asia.

(8 marks)

(b) Demonstrate how the factors of random mating and extremely large population size contribute to Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium model.

(4 marks)

Captive breeding programme for *Panthera jacksonii* are showing promising results in increasing the number of individuals of the species in Malaysia. Scientist however are concerned on the low genetic diversity of this iconic species, especially from inbreeding of captive populations. Outline **FOUR (4)** importances of genetic diversity in ensuring the long-term viability of this species in Malaysia.

(8 marks)

- END OF QUESTIONS -