

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER II **SESSION 2022/2023**

COURSE NAME

ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

MATHEMATICS II

COURSE CODE

: BDU 11003

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PROGRAMME CODE : BDC/BDM

EXAMINATION DATE:

JULY/AUGUST 2023

DURATION

• 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION

1. ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN PART A

AND ONE (1) QUESTION ONLY IN

PART B.

2.THIS FINAL EXAMINATION IS

CONDUCTED VIA CLOSED BOOK.

3.STUDENTS ARE **PROHIBITED** TO CONSULT THEIR OWN MATERIAL OR ANY EXTERNAL RESOURCES DURING

THE EXAMINATION CONDUCTED VIA

CLOSED BOOK.

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF SIX (6) PAGES

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PART A: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

Q1 (a) Solve the initial value problem.

$$y' - 2y = f(t), \ y(0) = 0$$
 where $f(t) = \begin{cases} 2, & 0 \le t < 2 \\ t, & t \ge 2 \end{cases}$

(14 marks)

- (b) Find the Laplace transform of each of the following functions.
 - (i) $f(t) = t \cosh t$

(3 marks)

(ii) $f(t) = t^2 \sinh 4t$

(3 marks)

Q2 (a) A periodic function f(x) is defined by

$$f(x) = x$$
, $-1 < x < 1$
and $f(x) = f(x + 2)$

(i) Sketch the graph of the function over -3 < x < 3.

(2 marks)

(ii) Find the Fourier coefficients corresponding to the function.

(9 marks)

(iii) Based on Q2(a)(ii), write the corresponding Fourier series.

(3 marks)

(b) Sketch the graph of each of the following function. Determine whether the function is even, odd or neither.

(i)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos x, & -\pi < x < 0 \\ 0, & 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$
$$f(x) = f(x + 2\pi)$$

(3 marks)

(ii)
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -1, & -2 < x < -1 \\ x, & -1 < x < 1 \\ 1, & 1 < x < 2 \end{cases}$$
$$f(x) = f(x+4)$$

(3 marks)

Q3 (a) Solve the following linear system using the Gauss elimination method by using the forward substitution technique.

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 4x_4 = 13$$

$$2x_1 + 0x_2 + 4x_3 + 34x_4 = 28$$

$$4x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3 + x_4 = 20$$

$$-3x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 + 2x_4 = 6$$

(12 marks)

(b) Use the forward substitution method for solving the following linear system:

$$4x_1 = 8$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 = -1$$

$$x_1 - x_2 + 5x_3 = 0.5$$

$$0.1x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 + 2x_4 = 12$$

(8 marks)

Q4 A rod of length 2m which is fully insulated along its sides, has an initial temperature distribution $100 \sin \left(\frac{1}{2}\pi x\right) {}^{\circ}C$. At t = 0 the ends are dipped into iced and held at a temperature of $0 {}^{\circ}C$. The temperature distribution u(x,t) satisfies the heat equation,

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = 2 \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2}$$

Determine the temperature distribution at a point P at a distance x from one end at any subsequent time t after t = 0.

(20 marks)



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PART B: ANSWER ONE QUESTION ONLY

Q5 (a) Show that the solution is exact and find the general solution.

$$[e^{-y} + \cos(x - y) + 2x]dx - [xe^{-y} + \cos(x - y) + 1]dy = 0$$

(8 marks)

(b) Given $y'' - 2y' + 2y = e^x(1 + \sin x)$. Find the solution for the given differential equation by using the variation of parameters method.

(12 marks)

Q6 (a) Solve $x^2(1-y)\frac{dy}{dx} + y^2(1+x) = 0$ where y(1) = 1.

(8 marks)

(b) By using undetermined coefficients method, find the general solution for $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 10 \sin 2x$

(12 marks)

- END OF QUESTIONS -

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Formula's Table 1: Characteristic Equation and General Solution

Case	Roots of the Characteristic Equation	General Solution
1	m_1 and m_2 ; real and distinct	$y = Ae^{m_1^x} + Be^{m_2^x}$
2	$m_1 = m_2 = m$; real and equal	$y = (A + Bx)e^{mx}$
3	$m = \alpha \pm i\beta$; imaginary	$y = e^{\alpha x} (A\cos\beta x + B\sin\beta x)$

Table 2: Particular Integral of ay'' + by' + cy = f(x): Method of Undetermined Coefficients

f(x)	$y_p(x)$	
$P_n(x) = A_n x^n + \dots + A_1 x + A_0$	$x^r(B_nx^n+\cdots+B_1x+B_0)$	
$Ce^{\alpha x}$	$x^r(Pe^{\alpha x})$	
$C\cos\beta x$ or $C\sin\beta x$	$x^r(p\cos\beta x + q\sin\beta x)$	

Table 3: Particular Integral of ay'' + by' + cy = f(x): Method of Variation of Parameters

Wronskian	Parameter	Solution	
$W = \begin{vmatrix} y_1 & y_2 \\ y_1' & y_2' \end{vmatrix}$	$u_1 = -\int \frac{y_2 f(x)}{W} dx$	$y_p = u_1 y_1 + u_2 y_2$	
	$u_2 = -\int \frac{y_1 f(x)}{W} dx$		

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Table 4: Laplace Transforms

$\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \int_0^\infty f(t)e^{-st}dt = F(s)$						
f(t)	F(s)	f(t)	F(s)			
а	$\frac{a}{s}$	H(t-a)	$\frac{e^{-as}}{s}$			
t^n , $n=1, 2, 3,$	$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$	f(t-a)H(t-a)	$e^{-as}F(s)$			
e ^{at}	$\frac{1}{s-a}$	f(t)H(t-a)	$e^{-as}F(s+a)$			
sin <i>at</i>	$\frac{a}{s^2 + a^2}$	$\delta(t-a)$	e^{-as}			
cos at	$\frac{s}{s^2 + a^2}$	$f(t)\delta(t-a)$	$e^{-as}f(a)$			
sinh <i>at</i>	$\frac{a}{s^2 - a^2}$	$\int_0^t f(u)g(t-u)du$	F(s).G(s)			
cosh at	$\frac{s}{s^2 - a^2}$	y(t)	Y(s)			
$e^{at}f(t)$	F(s-a)	$\dot{y}(t)$	sY(s)-y(0)			
$t^n f(t), n=1, 2, 3,$	$(-1)^n \frac{d^n F(s)}{ds^n}$	$\ddot{y}(t)$	$s^2Y(s) - sy(0) - \dot{y}(0)$			

Table 5: Fourier Series

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^{L} f(x) dx$$

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[a_n \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} + b_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} \right] \quad \text{where} \quad a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^{L} f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^{L} f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$$