



UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER II
SESSION 2023/2024**

- COURSE NAME : LAWS, POLICY AND GOVERNANCE
- COURSE CODE : BWJ 30702
- PROGRAMME CODE : BWW
- EXAMINATION DATE : JULY 2024
- DURATION : 2 HOURS
- INSTRUCTIONS :
1. ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS
 2. THIS FINAL EXAMINATION IS CONDUCTED VIA
 - Open book
 - Closed book
 3. STUDENTS ARE **PROHIBITED** TO CONSULT THEIR OWN MATERIAL OR ANY EXTERNAL RESOURCES DURING THE EXAMINATION CONDUCTED VIA CLOSED BOOK

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **THREE (3)** PAGES

TERBUKA

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Q1 Laws can be classified in different categories.

- (a) Explain the term criminal law and civil law.
(4 marks)
- (b) In Malaysia, Federal and State governments possess the authority to pass legislation in accordance with the Constitution. Differentiate the division of the power for both by providing **THREE (3)** examples of Federal as well as State matters.
(6 marks)
- (c) Name **SIX (6)** laws in Malaysia related to the conservation of biodiversity.
(6 marks)
- (d) Wildlife Conservation Act 2010 (Act 716) provides a classification of animals which are intended to receive varying degrees of protection. Describe **TWO (2)** main contents from the law that provide such protection to the wildlife.
(4 marks)

Q2 The National Policy on Biological Diversity (NPBD) exhibits the Malaysian Government's efforts in the conservation of biodiversity.

- (a) NPBD 2022-2030 is the policy formed as part of Malaysia's response to the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework. Elaborate **FIVE (5)** emerging challenges in implementing NPBD 2023-2030.
(10 marks)
- (b) If you are an officer involved in an outreach program about biodiversity conservation, out of the five goals stated in NPBD 2022-2030, which goal do you think is the most relevant to your program? Elaborate **FOUR (4)** reasons to relate your choice with the targets and key indicators.
(10 marks)

Q3 Management plans are an essential tool in managing any open space.

- (a) In the context of biological diversity, describe a management plan.
(4 marks)
- (b) Explain **THREE (3)** main content of a management plan.
(6 marks)

- (c) As a conservation officer, you are instructed to formulate a management plan for a protected area comprising a lake that has been a source of drinking water for the local community. The lake is surrounded by a reserved forest on one side and an oil palm plantation on the opposite side. For the initial step in formulating the management plan, demonstrate the roles of **FIVE (5)** stakeholders who are potentially involved in the management plan.

(10 marks)

Q4 Forest in Peninsular Malaysia is the habitat of a variety of wildlife and is home to the indigenous people or Orang Asli. Under the Aboriginal Peoples Act 1954, the Orang Asli hold legal occupancy rights in many protected forests. However, such rights can raise possible conflict between biodiversity conservation and natural resource utilization of the Orang Asli.

- (a) By referring to any **TWO (2)** the relevant legislations, discuss how these legislations protect biodiversity while at the same time addressing the needs of Orang Asli.

(10 marks)

- (b) An Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) document comprises of several components. If you are analyzing an EIA document on the development of an airport situated near a forested area, demonstrate **FIVE (5)** components you would be expecting to be in the document.

(10 marks)

- END OF QUESTIONS -