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Universiti Tun Hussein Onn Malaysia

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER II
SESSION 2023/2024**

COURSE NAME	:	STATISTICS FOR MANAGEMENT
COURSE CODE	:	BPA 12303
PROGRAMME CODE	:	BPA / BPB / BPC / BPP
EXAMINATION DATE	:	JULY 2024
DURATION	:	3 HOURS
INSTRUCTIONS	:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">ANSWER ALL QUESTIONSTHIS FINAL EXAMINATION IS CONDUCTED VIA <input type="checkbox"/> Open book <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Closed bookSTUDENTS ARE PROHIBITED TO CONSULT THEIR OWN MATERIAL OR ANY EXTERNAL RESOURCES DURING THE EXAMINATION CONDUCTED VIA CLOSED BOOK

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF ELEVEN (11) PAGES

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- Q1** (a) The casual workers in a certain industry are paid on average RM5.10 per hour which is normally distributed with standard deviation of RM2.20. A sample of
Find the probability that the average payment for the casual workers is at least RM 6 per hour.

(8 marks)

- (b) The average running times of films produced by Company A is 98.4 minutes and a standard deviation of 7.8 minutes, while those of Company B have a mean running times of 110.7 minutes with standard deviation of 29.8 minutes. Assume the populations are approximately normally distributed.

Compute the probability that a random sample of 36 films from Company B will have mean running times that at least 13 minutes more than the mean running times of a random sample of 49 films from Company A.

(12 marks)

- Q2** A car manufacturer wants to estimate the average fuel efficiency (in miles per gallon) of a new model they are producing. A sample of 20 cars is selected, and their fuel efficiencies are measured. The data are as follows:

28, 30, 32, 34, 35, 36, 38, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 55, 56, 58

- (a) Identify the type of test. (1 mark)
- (b) Calculate the sample mean of the fuel efficiency. (2 marks)
- (c) Calculate the standard deviation. (4 marks)
- (d) Identify the degrees of freedom. (1 mark)
- (e) Calculate the 95% confidence intervals for the population mean fuel efficiency. (5 marks)
- (f) Calculate the 99% confidence intervals for the population mean fuel efficiency. (5 marks)
- (g) Interpret the insights the manufacturer can gain from these results regarding the fuel efficiency of the new model. (2 marks)

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- Q3** A teacher is investigating the relationship between post-test and final exam grade of ten students in the statistics class. **Table Q3** shows the data which is used to develop a simple regression model.

Table Q3: Post-test and final exam grade

Students	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Post-test	100	96	88	100	100	96	80	68	92	96
Final exam	98	97	88	100	100	78	68	47	90	94

- (a) Sketch a scatter plot for the data. (4 marks)
- (b) (i) Find the estimated regression line by using the least square method. (6 marks)
- (ii) Interpret the result in **Q3(b)(i)**. (2 marks)
- (c) Predict the final exam score if the post-test score is 55. (2 marks)
- (d) (i) Calculate the coefficient of correlation, r and coefficient of determination (4 marks)
- (ii) Interpret the result in **Q3(d)(i)**. (2 marks)

- Q4** In Jerry's 'Slim-Beauty' health club, two types of drugs, allopathic (Drug A) and herbal (Drug B), were administered to 5 and 7 patients, respectively, to aid in weight reduction. The population variance is equal and unknown. Over a period of six months, the decrease in weight for each patient was recorded as follows:

Drug A: 10, 12, 13, 11, 14

Drug B: 8, 9, 12, 14, 15, 10, 9

To determine if there is a significant difference in the effectiveness of Drug A versus Drug B, calculate the hypothesis test is conducted at a significance level of 0.001 as follows:

- (a) Find the hypothesis. (2 marks)
- (b) Find the significance level. (1 mark)
- (c) Calculate the test statistics. (6 marks)

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- (d) Calculate the critical value. (6 marks)
- (e) Find the comparing test statistics and critical values. (3 marks)
- (f) Interpret the hypothesis. (2 marks)

Q5 An industrial psychologist aims to evaluate the effects of four different training methods on worker productivity, namely Group 1 (On the job), Group 2 (Computer-assisted), Group 3 (Lecture), and Group 4 (Videotape). By employing a standardized measure, the psychologist evaluates the productivity levels of workers trained under each of the four methods.

Table Q5: Productivity Scores

Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4
67	68	46	37
68	62	39	46
61	59	38	49
62	71	47	48
60	60	46	49
56	66	49	53

Using alpha 0.01, determine whether there is a significant difference in the training methods. Larger numbers on the dependent variable indicate higher productivity. (20 marks)

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-END OF QUESTIONS -

APPENDIX A**SPECIAL PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS**Binomial:

$$P(X = x) = {}^n C_x \cdot p^x \cdot q^{n-x} \quad \text{Mean, } \mu = np \quad \text{Variance, } \sigma^2 = npq$$

Poisson:

$$P(X = x) = \frac{e^{-\mu} \cdot \mu^x}{x!}$$

Normal:

$$P(X > k) = P\left(Z > \frac{k - \mu}{\sigma}\right)$$

SAMPLING DISTRIBUTIONZ – value for single mean:

$$Z = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{\sigma / \sqrt{n}}$$

Probability related to single Mean:

$$P(\bar{x} > r) = P\left(Z > \frac{r - \mu}{\sigma / \sqrt{n}}\right)$$

Let,

$$\mu_{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2} = \mu_1 - \mu_2 \quad \text{and} \quad \sigma_{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2} = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}}$$

Z – value for Two Mean:

$$Z = \frac{(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) - \mu_{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}}{\sigma_{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}}$$

Probability related to two Mean:

$$P(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2 > r) = P\left(Z > \frac{r - \mu_{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}}{\sigma_{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}}\right)$$

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APPENDIX B**ESTIMATION**

Confidence interval for single mean:

Large sample: $n \geq 30 \Rightarrow \sigma$ is known: $(\bar{x} - z_{\alpha/2}(\sigma/\sqrt{n}) < \mu < \bar{x} + z_{\alpha/2}(\sigma/\sqrt{n}))$
 $\Rightarrow \sigma$ is unknown: $(\bar{x} - z_{\alpha/2}(s/\sqrt{n}) < \mu < \bar{x} + z_{\alpha/2}(s/\sqrt{n}))$

Small sample: $n < 30 \Rightarrow \sigma$ is unknown: $(\bar{x} - t_{\alpha/2}(s/\sqrt{n}) < \mu < \bar{x} + t_{\alpha/2}(s/\sqrt{n}))$

HYPOTHESIS TESTING

Testing of hypothesis on a difference between two means

Variances	Samples size	Statistical test
Unknown (Equal)	$n_1, n_2 < 30$	$T_{Test} = \frac{(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}{S_p \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}}$ $v = n_1 + n_2 - 2$ <p>where</p> $S_p = \sqrt{\frac{(n_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (n_2 - 1)s_2^2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}}$
Unknown (Not equal)	$n_1 = n_2 < 30$	$T_{Test} = \frac{(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{n}(s_1^2 + s_2^2)}}$ $v = 2(n - 1)$
Unknown (Not equal)	$n_1, n_2 < 30$	$T_{Test} = \frac{(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}}}$ $v = \frac{\left(\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2} \right)^2}{\left(\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{s_2^2}{n_2} \right)^2}$

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APPENDIX C**SIMPLE LINEAR REGRESSIONS**

Let

$$S_{xy} = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i - \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n y_i \right), \quad S_{xx} = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right)^2 \text{ and } S_{yy} = \sum_{i=1}^n y_i^2 - \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n y_i \right)^2$$

Simple linear regression model

$$\hat{y} = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x$$

where

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = \frac{S_{xy}}{S_{xx}}$$

$$\hat{\beta}_0 = \bar{y} - \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x}$$

Coefficient of Determination

$$r^2 = \frac{(S_{xy})^2}{S_{xx} \cdot S_{yy}}$$

Coefficient of Pearson Correlation

$$r = \frac{S_{xy}}{\sqrt{S_{xx} \cdot S_{yy}}}$$

ANALYSIS OF VARIANCEMean square for treatment (between)

$$MS_B = \frac{\sum n_i (\bar{x}_i - \bar{x}_{GM})^2}{k-1}$$

Mean square for error (within)

$$MS_W = \frac{\sum (n_i - 1) s_i^2}{N - k}$$

F test value

$$F = \frac{MS_B}{MS_W}$$

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APPENDIX D

THE UNIT NORMAL TABLE

TABLE B.1 THE UNIT NORMAL TABLE*

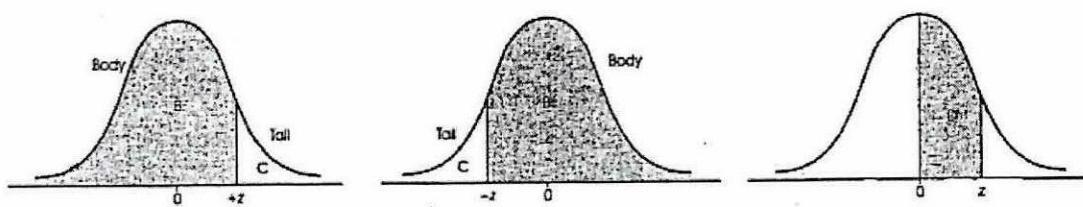
*Column A lists z-score values. A vertical line drawn through a normal distribution at a z-score location divides the distribution into two sections.

Column B identifies the proportion in the larger section, called the *body*.

Column C identifies the proportion in the smaller section, called the *tail*.

Column D identifies the proportion between the mean and the z-score.

Note: Because the normal distribution is symmetrical, the proportions for negative z-scores are the same as those for positive z-scores.



(A) z	(B) Proportion in Body	(C) Proportion in Tail	(D) Proportion Between Mean and z	(A) z	(B) Proportion in Body	(C) Proportion in Tail	(D) Proportion Between Mean and z
0.00	.5000	.5000	.0000	0.25	.5987	.4013	.0987
0.01	.5040	.4960	.0040	0.26	.6026	.3974	.1026
0.02	.5080	.4920	.0080	0.27	.6064	.3936	.1064
0.03	.5120	.4880	.0120	0.28	.6103	.3897	.1103
0.04	.5160	.4840	.0160	0.29	.6141	.3859	.1141
0.05	.5199	.4801	.0199	0.30	.6179	.3821	.1179
0.06	.5239	.4761	.0239	0.31	.6217	.3783	.1217
0.07	.5279	.4721	.0279	0.32	.6255	.3745	.1255
0.08	.5319	.4681	.0319	0.33	.6293	.3707	.1293
0.09	.5359	.4641	.0359	0.34	.6331	.3669	.1331
0.10	.5398	.4602	.0398	0.35	.6368	.3632	.1368
0.11	.5438	.4562	.0438	0.36	.6406	.3594	.1406
0.12	.5478	.4522	.0478	0.37	.6443	.3557	.1443
0.13	.5517	.4483	.0517	0.38	.6480	.3520	.1480
0.14	.5557	.4443	.0557	0.39	.6517	.3483	.1517
0.15	.5596	.4404	.0596	0.40	.6554	.3446	.1554
0.16	.5636	.4364	.0636	0.41	.6591	.3409	.1591
0.17	.5675	.4325	.0675	0.42	.6628	.3372	.1628
0.18	.5714	.4286	.0714	0.43	.6664	.3336	.1664
0.19	.5753	.4247	.0753	0.44	.6700	.3300	.1700
0.20	.5793	.4207	.0793	0.45	.6736	.3264	.1736
0.21	.5832	.4168	.0832	0.46	.6772	.3228	.1772
0.22	.5871	.4129	.0871	0.47	.6808	.3192	.1808
0.23	.5910	.4090	.0910	0.48	.6844	.3156	.1844
0.24	.5948	.4052	.0948	0.49	.6879	.3121	.1879

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THE UNIT NORMAL TABLE

726 APPENDIX B STATISTICAL TABLES

(A) <i>z</i>	(B) Proportion in Body	(C) Proportion in Tail	(D) Proportion Between Mean and <i>z</i>	(A) <i>z</i>	(B) Proportion in Body	(C) Proportion in Tail	(D) Proportion Between Mean and <i>z</i>
0.50	.6915	.3085	.1915	1.00	.5413	.1587	.3413
0.51	.6950	.3050	.1950	1.01	.5438	.1562	.3438
0.52	.6985	.3015	.1985	1.02	.5461	.1539	.3461
0.53	.7019	.2981	.2019	1.03	.5485	.1515	.3485
0.54	.7054	.2946	.2054	1.04	.5508	.1492	.3508
0.55	.7088	.2912	.2088	1.05	.5531	.1469	.3531
0.56	.7123	.2877	.2123	1.06	.5554	.1446	.3554
0.57	.7157	.2843	.2157	1.07	.5577	.1423	.3577
0.58	.7190	.2810	.2190	1.08	.5599	.1401	.3599
0.59	.7224	.2776	.2224	1.09	.5621	.1379	.3621
0.60	.7257	.2743	.2257	1.10	.5643	.1357	.3643
0.61	.7291	.2709	.2291	1.11	.5665	.1335	.3665
0.62	.7324	.2676	.2324	1.12	.5686	.1314	.3686
0.63	.7357	.2643	.2357	1.13	.5708	.1292	.3708
0.64	.7389	.2611	.2389	1.14	.5729	.1271	.3729
0.65	.7422	.2578	.2422	1.15	.5749	.1251	.3749
0.66	.7454	.2546	.2454	1.16	.5770	.1230	.3770
0.67	.7486	.2514	.2486	1.17	.5790	.1210	.3790
0.68	.7517	.2483	.2517	1.18	.5810	.1190	.3810
0.69	.7549	.2451	.2549	1.19	.5830	.1170	.3830
0.70	.7580	.2420	.2580	1.20	.5849	.1151	.3849
0.71	.7611	.2389	.2611	1.21	.5869	.1131	.3869
0.72	.7642	.2358	.2642	1.22	.5888	.1112	.3888
0.73	.7673	.2327	.2673	1.23	.5907	.1093	.3907
0.74	.7704	.2296	.2704	1.24	.5925	.1075	.3925
0.75	.7734	.2266	.2734	1.25	.5944	.1056	.3944
0.76	.7764	.2236	.2764	1.26	.5962	.1038	.3962
0.77	.7794	.2206	.2794	1.27	.5980	.1020	.3980
0.78	.7822	.2177	.2823	1.28	.5997	.1003	.3997
0.79	.7852	.2148	.2852	1.29	.6015	.0985	.4015
0.80	.7881	.2119	.2881	1.30	.6032	.0968	.4032
0.81	.7910	.2090	.2910	1.31	.6049	.0951	.4049
0.82	.7939	.2061	.2939	1.32	.6066	.0934	.4066
0.83	.7967	.2033	.2967	1.33	.6082	.0918	.4082
0.84	.7995	.2005	.2995	1.34	.6099	.0901	.4099
0.85	.8023	.1977	.3023	1.35	.6115	.0885	.4115
0.86	.8051	.1949	.3051	1.36	.6131	.0869	.4131
0.87	.8076	.1922	.3078	1.37	.6147	.0853	.4147
0.88	.8106	.1894	.3106	1.38	.6162	.0838	.4162
0.89	.8133	.1867	.3133	1.39	.6177	.0823	.4177
0.90	.8159	.1841	.3159	1.40	.6192	.0808	.4192
0.91	.8186	.1814	.3186	1.41	.6207	.0793	.4207
0.92	.8212	.1788	.3212	1.42	.6222	.0778	.4222
0.93	.8238	.1762	.3238	1.43	.6236	.0764	.4236
0.94	.8264	.1736	.3264	1.44	.6251	.0749	.4251
0.95	.8289	.1711	.3289	1.45	.6265	.0735	.4265
0.96	.8315	.1685	.3315	1.46	.6279	.0721	.4279
0.97	.8340	.1660	.3340	1.47	.6292	.0708	.4292
0.98	.8363	.1635	.3363	1.48	.6306	.0694	.4306
0.99	.8389	.1611	.3389	1.49	.6319	.0681	.4319

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THE UNIT NORMAL TABLE

(A) <i>z</i>	(B) Proportion in Body	(C) Proportion in Tail	(D) Proportion Between Mean and <i>z</i>	(A) <i>z</i>	(B) Proportion in Body	(C) Proportion in Tail	(D) Proportion Between Mean and <i>z</i>
1.50	.9332	.0668	.4332	2.00	.9772	.0228	.4772
1.51	.9345	.0655	.4345	2.01	.9778	.0222	.4778
1.52	.9357	.0643	.4357	2.02	.9783	.0217	.4783
1.53	.9370	.0630	.4370	2.03	.9788	.0212	.4788
1.54	.9382	.0618	.4382	2.04	.9793	.0207	.4793
1.55	.9394	.0606	.4394	2.05	.9798	.0202	.4798
1.56	.9406	.0594	.4406	2.06	.9803	.0197	.4803
1.57	.9418	.0582	.4418	2.07	.9808	.0192	.4808
1.58	.9429	.0571	.4429	2.08	.9812	.0188	.4812
1.59	.9441	.0559	.4441	2.09	.9817	.0183	.4817
1.60	.9452	.0548	.4452	2.10	.9821	.0179	.4821
1.61	.9463	.0537	.4463	2.11	.9826	.0174	.4826
1.62	.9474	.0526	.4474	2.12	.9830	.0170	.4830
1.63	.9484	.0516	.4484	2.13	.9834	.0166	.4834
1.64	.9495	.0505	.4495	2.14	.9838	.0162	.4838
1.65	.9505	.0495	.4505	2.15	.9842	.0158	.4842
1.66	.9515	.0485	.4515	2.16	.9846	.0154	.4846
1.67	.9525	.0475	.4525	2.17	.9850	.0150	.4850
1.68	.9535	.0465	.4535	2.18	.9854	.0146	.4854
1.69	.9545	.0455	.4545	2.19	.9857	.0143	.4857
1.70	.9554	.0446	.4554	2.20	.9861	.0139	.4861
1.71	.9564	.0436	.4564	2.21	.9864	.0136	.4864
1.72	.9573	.0427	.4573	2.22	.9868	.0132	.4868
1.73	.9582	.0418	.4582	2.23	.9871	.0129	.4871
1.74	.9591	.0409	.4591	2.24	.9875	.0125	.4875
1.75	.9599	.0401	.4599	2.25	.9878	.0122	.4878
1.76	.9608	.0392	.4608	2.26	.9881	.0119	.4881
1.77	.9616	.0384	.4616	2.27	.9884	.0116	.4884
1.78	.9625	.0375	.4625	2.28	.9887	.0113	.4887
1.79	.9633	.0367	.4633	2.29	.9890	.0110	.4890
1.80	.9641	.0359	.4641	2.30	.9893	.0107	.4893
1.81	.9649	.0351	.4649	2.31	.9896	.0104	.4896
1.82	.9656	.0344	.4656	2.32	.9898	.0102	.4898
1.83	.9664	.0336	.4664	2.33	.9901	.0099	.4901
1.84	.9671	.0329	.4671	2.34	.9904	.0096	.4904
1.85	.9678	.0322	.4678	2.35	.9906	.0094	.4906
1.86	.9686	.0314	.4686	2.36	.9909	.0091	.4909
1.87	.9693	.0307	.4693	2.37	.9911	.0089	.4911
1.88	.9699	.0301	.4699	2.38	.9913	.0087	.4913
1.89	.9706	.0294	.4706	2.39	.9916	.0084	.4916
1.90	.9713	.0287	.4713	2.40	.9918	.0082	.4918
1.91	.9719	.0281	.4719	2.41	.9920	.0080	.4920
1.92	.9726	.0274	.4726	2.42	.9922	.0078	.4922
1.93	.9732	.0268	.4732	2.43	.9925	.0075	.4925
1.94	.9738	.0262	.4738	2.44	.9927	.0073	.4927
1.95	.9744	.0256	.4744	2.45	.9929	.0071	.4929
1.96	.9750	.0250	.4750	2.46	.9931	.0069	.4931
1.97	.9756	.0244	.4756	2.47	.9932	.0068	.4932
1.98	.9761	.0239	.4761	2.48	.9934	.0066	.4934
1.99	.9767	.0233	.4767	2.49	.9936	.0064	.4936

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THE UNIT NORMAL TABLE

(A) <i>z</i>	(B) Proportion in Body	(C) Proportion in Tail	(D) Proportion Between Mean and <i>z</i>	(A) <i>z</i>	(B) Proportion in Body	(C) Proportion in Tail	(D) Proportion Between Mean and <i>z</i>
2.50	.9938	.0062	.4938	2.95	.9984	.0016	.4984
2.51	.9940	.0060	.4940	2.96	.9985	.0015	.4985
2.52	.9941	.0059	.4941	2.97	.9985	.0015	.4985
2.53	.9943	.0057	.4943	2.98	.9986	.0014	.4986
2.54	.9945	.0055	.4945	2.99	.9986	.0014	.4986
2.55	.9946	.0054	.4946	3.00	.9987	.0013	.4987
2.56	.9948	.0052	.4948	3.01	.9987	.0013	.4987
2.57	.9949	.0051	.4949	3.02	.9987	.0013	.4987
2.58	.9951	.0049	.4951	3.03	.9988	.0012	.4988
2.59	.9952	.0048	.4952	3.04	.9988	.0012	.4988
2.60	.9953	.0047	.4953	3.05	.9989	.0011	.4989
2.61	.9955	.0045	.4955	3.06	.9989	.0011	.4989
2.62	.9956	.0044	.4956	3.07	.9989	.0011	.4989
2.63	.9957	.0043	.4957	3.08	.9990	.0010	.4990
2.64	.9959	.0041	.4959	3.09	.9990	.0010	.4990
2.65	.9960	.0040	.4960	3.10	.9990	.0010	.4990
2.66	.9961	.0039	.4961	3.11	.9991	.0009	.4991
2.67	.9962	.0038	.4962	3.12	.9991	.0009	.4991
2.68	.9963	.0037	.4963	3.13	.9991	.0009	.4991
2.69	.9964	.0036	.4964	3.14	.9992	.0008	.4992
2.70	.9965	.0035	.4965	3.15	.9992	.0008	.4992
2.71	.9966	.0034	.4966	3.16	.9992	.0008	.4992
2.72	.9967	.0033	.4967	3.17	.9992	.0008	.4992
2.73	.9968	.0032	.4968	3.18	.9993	.0007	.4993
2.74	.9969	.0031	.4969	3.19	.9993	.0007	.4993
2.75	.9970	.0030	.4970	3.20	.9993	.0007	.4993
2.76	.9971	.0029	.4971	3.21	.9993	.0007	.4993
2.77	.9972	.0028	.4972	3.22	.9994	.0006	.4994
2.78	.9973	.0027	.4973	3.23	.9994	.0006	.4994
2.79	.9974	.0026	.4974	3.24	.9994	.0006	.4994
2.80	.9974	.0026	.4974	3.30	.9995	.0005	.4995
2.81	.9975	.0025	.4975	3.40	.9997	.0003	.4997
2.82	.9976	.0024	.4976	3.50	.9998	.0002	.4998
2.83	.9977	.0023	.4977	3.60	.9998	.0002	.4998
2.84	.9977	.0023	.4977	3.70	.9999	.0001	.4999
2.85	.9978	.0022	.4978	3.80	.99993	.00007	.49993
2.86	.9979	.0021	.4979	3.90	.99995	.00005	.49995
2.87	.9979	.0021	.4979	4.00	.99997	.00003	.49997
2.88	.9980	.0020	.4980				
2.89	.9981	.0019	.4981				
2.90	.9981	.0019	.4981				
2.91	.9982	.0018	.4982				
2.92	.9982	.0018	.4982				
2.93	.9983	.0017	.4983				
2.94	.9984	.0016	.4984				

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