

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER II **SESSION 2017/2018**

COURSE NAME : BIOLOGY FORMS & FUNCTIONS

COURSE CODE : DAS16103

PROGRAMME CODE : DAU

EXAMINATION DATE : JUNE/JULY 2018

DURATION

: 2 HOURS 30 MINUTES

INSTRUCTION : ANSWER 4 (FOUR) QUESTIONS ONLY

TERBUKA

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF FOUR (4) PAGES

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Q1	(a)	Explai	in why glucose is converted to glycogen as energy storage in animal	liver. (6 marks)		
	(b)	Explain why plants convert glucose to produce starch in order to store carbohydrat (5 mar) List five (5) roles of protein in human body. (10 mar)				
	(c)					
	(d)		ibe one (1) function of Ribonucleic acid (RNA) and Deoxyribonu	(RNA) and Deoxyribonucleic acid		
		(DNA)	<i>)</i> .	(4 marks)		
Q2 (a) Water is universal solvent. (i) Discuss the mechanism involved when NaCl powder is				the water. (6 marks)		
		(ii)	Discuss two (2) characteristics of water that is important to mamma			
			aquatic life.	(8 marks)		
	(b)	(i)	Define buffer.	(2 marks)		
		(ii)	Describe the mechanism of buffer when acid or base is added into the	e solution. (8 marks)		
		(iii)	Give one (1) example of buffer in our daily life.	(1 marks)		
Q3	(a)	List the role of each organelles (i) Ribosomes				
		(ii)	Mitochondria	(2 marks)		
		(iii)	Vacuole	(2 marks)		
		(iv)	Cell Membrane	(2 marks)		
		(v)	Nucleus	(5 marks)		
		(vi)	Nucleus Golgi Bodies TERBUKA	(2 marks)		
		()		(2 marks)		

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	(b)		Differentiate between plant and animal cell.	(6 marks)
	(c)		Compare diffusion and osmosis process.	(o marks)
				(4 marks)
Q4	(a)	(i)	Define energy.	(1 mark)
		(ii)	Energy exists in two types. Give and explain both types.	(4 marks)
		(iii)	State the type of energy transformation that often occur in a living o	rganisms. (1 mark)
		(iv)	Explain the activities in cells that need energy.	(2 marks)
	(b)		osine triphosphate (ATP) is energy of life.	
		(i)	Draw the structure of ATP	(3 marks)
		(ii)	Explain how ATP stores and releases energy in cells.	(5 marks)
	(c)	(i)	Define enzyme.	74
		7.1 0		(1 mark)
		(ii)	Describe enzyme's structure and active site.	(4 marks)
		(iii)	Explain the effect of enzyme concentration and substrate concentrat	ion to the
			rate of enzyme reactions.	(4 marks)
Q5	(a)	(i)	Briefly explain the function of photosynthesis that makes it very in process to the entire life in the earth.	mportant
				(2 marks)
		(ii)	Explain the photosynthesis process (1	10 marks)
		(iii)	List and explain three (3) factor effecting photosynthesis process.	(2 1 \
			TEDRUKA	(3 marks)

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(b) (i) Define cell respiration

(1 mark)

(ii) Sketch the pathways of aerobic respiration that converts glucose into carbon dioxide and water to produce ATP. State all process involved with its location and products.

(9 marks)

Q6 (a) Cell cycle consists of two major parts which is interphase and mitotic phase.

(i) Briefly explain all stages occur in subphase of interphase.

(3 marks)

(ii) Sketch and explain all phases in mitotic phase. Assume that 2n count of the cells are 4 chromosomes.

(18 marks)

(b) Camellia is a codominance flowering plant. The color of the flower is determine by genes carried by the plant. R gene give red color to the flower while W gene give white color to the flower. Sketch the diagram to show if a red Camellia plant and white Camellia plant are breed together. State the color of the flower produced by this interbreed.

(4 marks)

- END OF QUESTION -

