



**UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN  
MALAYSIA**

**FINAL EXAMINATION  
SEMESTER II  
SESSION 2018/2019**

COURSE NAME : COMPUTER PROGRAMMING  
COURSE CODE : DAE 20103  
PROGRAMME : DAE  
EXAMINATION DATE : JUNE / JULY 2019  
DURATION : 2 HOURS 30 MINUTES  
INSTRUCTION : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS  
IN SECTION A AND SECTION  
B.

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF **FIFTEEN (15)** PAGES

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ MATRIC: \_\_\_\_\_ PROGRAMME: \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION A:**

(1.5 marks each)

- Q1.** The set of instructions that a computer will follow is known as:  
A. CPU  
B. Algorithm  
C. Program  
D. Hardware
- Q2.** #include <iostream>  
A. is a variable declaration  
B. an executable statement  
C. A preprocessor directive  
D. illegal code
- Q3.** What is the value of x after the following statements?  
  

```
int x, y, z;  
y = 10;  
z = 3;  
x = y * z + 3;
```

  
A. 60  
B. 30  
C. 33  
D. None above
- Q4.** What punctuation ends most lines of C++ code?  
A. . (full stop)  
B. , (comma)  
C. : (colon)  
D. ; (semi colon)
- Q5.** Analyze the following code. Assuming all codes is written correctly, what is the output?  
  

```
#include<iostream>  
using namespace std;  
  
void main()  
{  
    float x;  
    x=15/4;  
    cout<<x;  
}
```

  
A. 3  
B. 3.75  
C. x  
D. None above

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**Q6.** Analyze the following code. Assuming all codes is written correctly, what is the output?

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void main()
{
    int x=10,y=20;
    if (x==y)
        cout<<"x equal to y"<<endl;
    cout<<"x not equal to y"<<endl;}

```

- A. x not equal to y  
Press any key to continue . . .
- B. x not equal to y  
x equal to y  
Press any key to continue . . .
- C. x equal to y  
x not equal to y  
Press any key to continue . . .
- D. None above

**Q7.** Analyze the following code. Assuming all codes is written correctly, what is the output?

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void main()
{
    int x=10,y=10;
    if (x==y)
        cout<<"x equal to y"<<endl;
    cout<<"x not equal to y"<<endl;}

```

- A. x not equal to y  
Press any key to continue . . .
- B. x equal to y  
Press any key to continue . . .
- C. x equal to y  
x not equal to y  
Press any key to continue . . .
- D. None above

**Q8.** Analyze the following code. Assuming all codes is written correctly, what is the output?

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void main()
{
    int x=10,y=10;
    if (x!=y)
        cout<<"x equal to y"<<endl;
    cout<<"x not equal to y"<<endl;}

```

- A. x not equal to y  
Press any key to continue . . .
- B. x not equal to y  
x equal to y  
Press any key to continue . . .
- C. x equal to y  
x not equal to y  
Press any key to continue . . .
- D. None above

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ MATRIC: \_\_\_\_\_ PROGRAMME: \_\_\_\_\_

- Q9.** Which of the following is true for a void function?
- A. There cannot be a return statement.
  - B. The value of void should be returned.
  - C. The value of 0 should be returned.
  - D. Nothing is returned.

- Q10.** Analyze the following code. Assuming all codes is written correctly, what is the output?

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

void main()
{
    int x=0;
    x++;
    ++x;
    x+1;
    1+x;
    cout<<x<<endl;
}
```

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 4
- D. None above

- Q11.** A connector symbol in flowchart is denoted by;
- A. Oval
  - B. Small Circle
  - C. Rectangle
  - D. Diamond

- Q12.** Identify the number of errors of the program below.

```
#include<iosteam>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int i;
    cout<<"Please enter an integer value:/n";
    cin>> i+4
    return 0;
}
```

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

- Q13.** A statement that is executed in a repetition structure, skips remaining statement in body of structure and proceeds with next iteration of loops, is known as;
- A. Break statement
  - B. Continue statement
  - C. Case statement
  - D. None of them

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**Q14.** Analyze the following code. Assuming all codes is written correctly, what is the output?

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int x,i;
    i = 10;
    x = ++i;
    cout<<"x: "<< x <<",";
    cout<<"i: "<< i;
    return 0;
}
```

- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| A. x: 11 | C. x: 11 |
| i: 11    | i: 10    |
| B. x: 10 | D. x: 10 |
| i: 11    | i: 10    |

**Q15.** Analyze the following code. Assuming all codes is written correctly, what is the output?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main ()
{
    int a, b=3;
    a = b;
    a+=2;
    cout << a;
}
```

- |      |      |
|------|------|
| A. 3 | C. 5 |
| B. 4 | D. 6 |

**Q16.** If an increment or decrement operator is placed after a variable, it is called as;

- |                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| A. Post-increment | C. Pre-increment and Pre-decrement |
| B. Post-decrement | D. Both A and B                    |

**Q17.** Break statement in repetition structure causes a program to

- |                     |                                |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| A. Immediately exit | C. Again start the loop from 1 |
| B. Terminate        | D. All of them                 |

**Q18.** Based on the following code fragment below, estimate how many loops will the for statement execute?

```
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
```

- |      |      |
|------|------|
| A. 3 | C. 5 |
| B. 4 | D. 6 |

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ MATRIC: \_\_\_\_\_ PROGRAMME: \_\_\_\_\_

**Q19.** Analyze the following code. Assuming all codes is written correctly, what is the output?

```
for (int count = 1; count < 5; count++)  
    cout << (2 * count) << " ";
```

- A. 2 4 6 8 10
- B. 2 4 6 8
- C. 2468
- D. 24 68 10

**Q20.** Functions can be also referred to;

- A. program
- B. statement
- C. subroutine
- D. statement block

**ANSWERS SHEET**

- 1. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 2. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 3. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 4. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 5. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 6. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 7. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 8. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 9. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 10. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 11. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 12. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 13. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 14. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 15. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 16. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 17. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 18. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 19. (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 20. (A) (B) (C) (D)

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ MATRIC: \_\_\_\_\_ PROGRAMME: \_\_\_\_\_

## SECTION B

Q11. (a) Draw the flowchart for program below

(5 marks)

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

void main()
{
    int x,y;
    cout<<"x=";
    cin>>x;
    cout<<"y=";
    cin>>y;
    if (x!=y)
        if (x>y)
            cout<<"x>y"<<endl;
        else
            cout<<"x<y"<<endl;
    else
        cout<<"x=y"<<endl;
}
```

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ MATRIC: \_\_\_\_\_ PROGRAMME: \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Re-write the program in **Q11 (a)** using else-elseif-else statement

(5 marks)

Q12. (a) Analyze the following program. Assuming it has no errors, determine the output of both 'x'.

(4 marks)

Program	Output (Answer)
<pre>#include&lt;iostream&gt; using namespace std;  void main () {     int x=100;     int y=50;     int *point_x;      cout&lt;&lt;"x="&lt;&lt;x&lt;&lt;endl;      point_x=&amp;x;     *point_x=y;      cout&lt;&lt;"x="&lt;&lt;x&lt;&lt;endl; }</pre>	<pre>x=..... x=..... Press any key to continue ...</pre>



NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ MATRIC: \_\_\_\_\_ PROGRAMME: \_\_\_\_\_

- (b) Analyze the following program and its output. Give reasons why message\_2 is printed with extra characters.

(2 marks)

Program
<pre>#include&lt;iostream&gt; using namespace std;  void main () {     char message_1 []={"hello"};     char message_2 []={'h','e','l','l','o'};     cout&lt;&lt;message_1&lt;&lt;endl;     cout&lt;&lt;message_2&lt;&lt;endl;} </pre>
Output
<pre>message_1:hello message_2:hello                        hello Press any key to continue ... </pre>

Answer:

- (c) Propose **two (2)** ways the program can be modified to display message\_2 correctly.

(4 marks)

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ MATRIC: \_\_\_\_\_ PROGRAMME: \_\_\_\_\_

Q13. (a) Draw the flowchart for the following program

(5 marks)

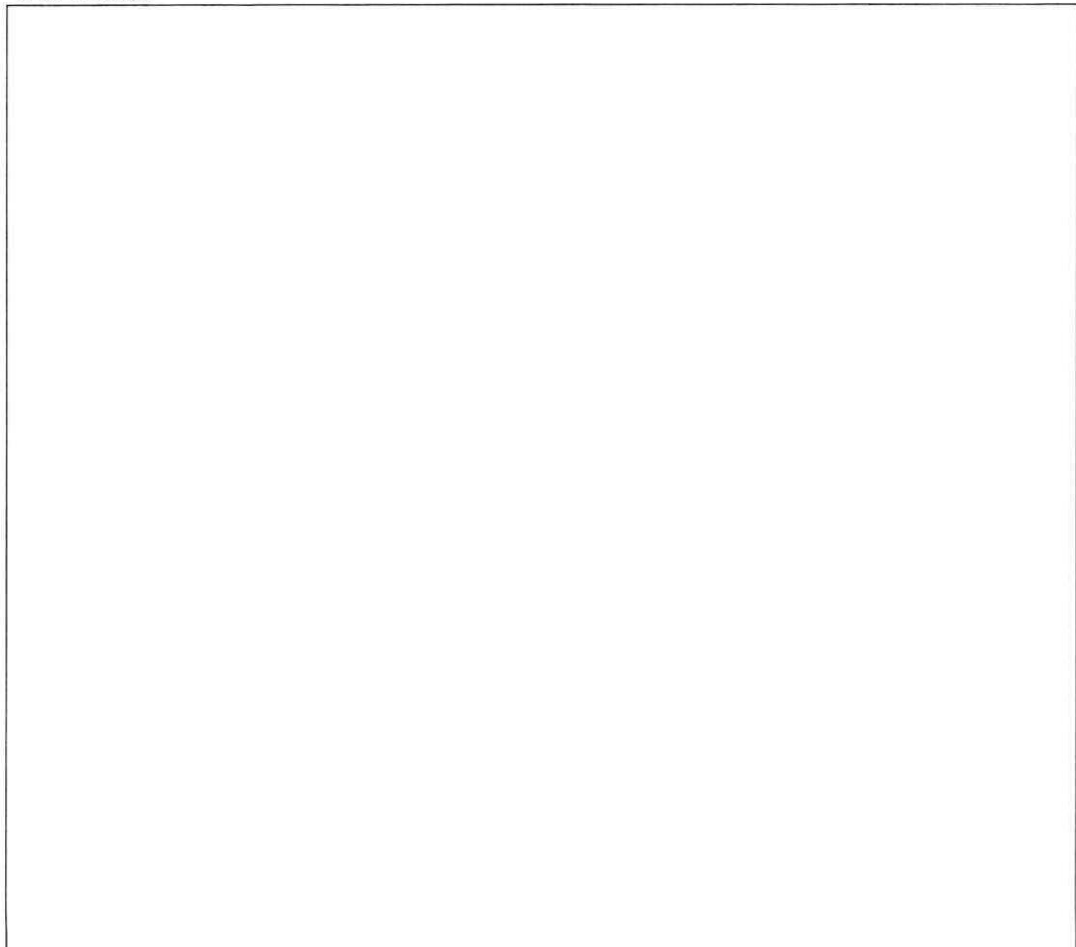
```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void main ()
{
    int A[5] = {5,10,15,20,25};
    int i, sum = 0;
    float average = 0;

    cout << "Element in array A is ";
    for (i=0;i<5;i++){
        cout << A[i] << " ";
        sum = sum + A[i];
    }
    average = sum/i;

    cout << "\nThe sum of all elements is " << sum << endl;
    cout << "The average is " << average << endl;
}
```

Flowchart



NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ MATRIC: \_\_\_\_\_ PROGRAMME: \_\_\_\_\_

(b) What is the output for program in Q12(a) ?

(5 marks)

**Q14.** Analyze the following program. Assuming there is no error, determine its output

(10 marks)

Program
<pre>#include&lt;iostream&gt; using namespace std;  struct info{     int staff_num;     int marks; };  void main () {     struct info staff_1;     struct info staff_2;      staff_1.staff_num=1330;     staff_1.marks=85;      staff_2.staff_num=1335;     staff_2.marks=75;      cout&lt;&lt;"Staff num :"&lt;&lt;staff_1.staff_num&lt;&lt;endl;     cout&lt;&lt;"Marks :"&lt;&lt;staff_1.marks&lt;&lt;endl;      cout&lt;&lt;"Staff num :"&lt;&lt;staff_2.staff_num&lt;&lt;endl;     cout&lt;&lt;"Marks :"&lt;&lt;staff_2.marks&lt;&lt;endl;}</pre>

OUTPUT

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ MATRIC: \_\_\_\_\_ PROGRAMME: \_\_\_\_\_

**Q15.** Analyze the program below

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

void main ()
{
    int marks_1, marks_2;

    cout<<"Please input your marks for Test 1"<<endl;
    cin>>marks_1;
    cout<<"Please input your marks for Test 2"<<endl;
    cin>>marks_2;

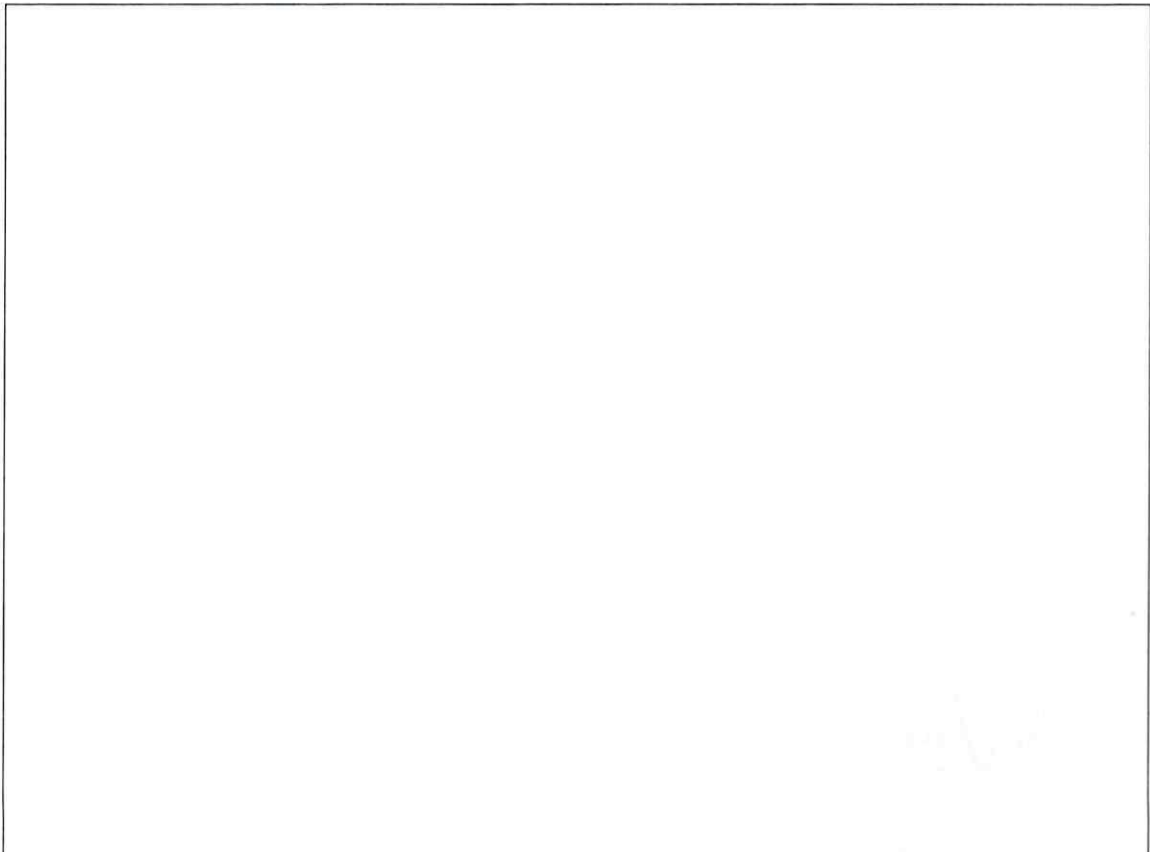
    if (marks_1>marks_2)
        cout<<"Your marks is getting lower, try harder"<<endl;

    else if (marks_1<marks_2)
        cout<<"Your marks is getting higher, good job"<<endl;

    else
        cout<<"Your marks is the same, don't give up"<<endl;
}
```

(a) Draw the flowchart for it.

(5 marks)



NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ MATRIC: \_\_\_\_\_ PROGRAMME: \_\_\_\_\_

- (b) Write a program to take an input from user (total marks) and determine whether he/she got an A (85 marks and above), F (below 40 marks) or pass (40 marks and above).

(5 marks)

**Q16.** Analyze the following program.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

void main ()
{
    for (int i=10;i>0;i--)
        cout<<i<<endl;
}
```

- (a) Determine its output

(2 marks)

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ MATRIC: \_\_\_\_\_ PROGRAMME: \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Write a program using while loop to achieved similar output to **Q16(a)**.

(4 marks)

(c) Write a program using do-while loop to achieved similar output to **Q16(a)**.

(4 marks)

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ MATRIC: \_\_\_\_\_ PROGRAMME: \_\_\_\_\_

**Q17.** Write a program base on the following specification:

- take integer inputs from user until user input a '0'.
- calculate the average using a **function**
- display the resulting average

(10 marks)

**-END OF QUESTIONS-**