

# UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

# FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER I **SESSION 2018/2019**

COURSE NAME

: PROJECT MANAGEMENT

COURSE CODE

: BWA30102

PROGRAMME

: BWA

EXAMINATION DATE : DECEMBER 2018/JANUARY 2019

**DURATION** 

: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTION

: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

THIS QUESTION PAPERS CONSIST OF FIVE (5) PAGES

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- Q1 (a) Compare the difference between monitoring and evaluation. (9 marks)
  - (b) Describe the importance of indicators to the project management team. (6 marks)
  - (c) Analyze the necessary steps taken by a manager in conducting, monitoring and evaluation in project management.

    (10 marks)
- Q2 Consider the network of a project in Figure Q2.

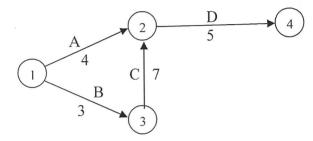


Figure Q2: Network of a project

(2 marks)

- (a) Determine the first activity to be crashed by the following priority rules:
  - (i) Shortest task first.

(2 marks)

(ii) Minimum slack first.

(2 marks)

(iii) Most critical followers.

(2 marks)

(iii) Most successors.

(2 marks)

- (b) Using the network in Figure Q2 and information from Table Q2(b),
  - (i) Find the crash cost (RM) per day.

(10 marks)

(ii) Decide which activities should be crashed to meet a project deadline of 13 days at minimum cost. Assume partial crashing is allowed.

(5 marks)

Table Q2(b): Normal and Crashed Times

Activity	Crash time	Crashed cost	Normal time	Normal
	(days)	(total)	(days)	cost
A	4	400	5	200
В	2	375	4	450
C	4	840	8	400
D	1	720	5	610

Q3 (a) The cost (RM) information about a showroom renovation is given in **Table Q3(a)**. Determine which activities are on time, which activities are early, and which activities are behind schedule.

(10 marks)

Table Q3(a): Cost Information

Activity	Budgeted	Actual	Critical
7 Tetrvity	cost	cost	ratio
A: Plan changes	80	50	0.7
B: Solicit bids	30	50	1.2
C: Select contractor	70	50	1.3
D: Schedule date	50	60	1.5
E: Start renovation	70	50	1.3

(b) A company is constructing a 4-storey commercial building for the customer. The project has a planned daily cost of 400 and a planned daily earned value of 400. The earned values and costs for the first six days are given below:

Earned value : 290, 288, 295, 201, 305, 206 Cost : 292, 288, 293, 298, 285, 300

Calculate the critical ratio for each day.

(15 marks)

Q4 (a) Find the schedule and cost variances for a project that has an actual cost at month 22 of RM540 000, a scheduled cost of RM523 000, and an earned value of RM535 000.

(3 marks)

(b) A software development project at day 80 exhibits an actual cost of RM 78 000 and a scheduled cost of RM84 000. The software manager estimates a value completed of RM81 000. Calculate cost variance, schedule variance and cost-schedule-index (CSI).

(10 marks)

- (c) Given an activity in an advertising project whose planned cost was RM12 000 but actual cost to date is RM10 000 so far. The project completed is only 80 percent.
  - (i) Calculate the cost and schedule variances.

(6 marks)

(ii) Give the response, either the client will be pleased or angry.

(6 marks)

**END OF QUESTIONS –** 

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#### FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER / SESSION: SEM I / 2018/2019

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Earliest finish time = earliest start time + duration

Latest start time = latest finish time – duration

Slack = latest start time – earliest start time

Expected time, 
$$TE = \frac{(a+4m+b)}{6}$$
 Variance,  $\sigma^2 = \left(\frac{b-a}{6}\right)^2$ 

Variance, 
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Uncertain completion time,  $Z = \frac{(D - \mu)}{\sqrt{\sigma_{_{II}}^2}}$ 

Cost per day of crashing a project, Slope =  $\frac{\text{crash cost } - \text{normal cost}}{\text{cost}}$ crash time - normal time

Cost variance (CV) = earned value (EV) – actual cost (AC)

Schedule variance (SV) = earned value (EV) – planned value (PV)

Time variance (TV) = time scheduled (ST) – actual time (AT)

Cost performance index CPI = EV / AC

Schedule performance index SPI = EV / PV

Time performance index TPI = ST / AT

Cost-schedule index CSI = (CPI)(SPI)

Critical ratio = (actual progress / scheduled progress) × (budgeted cost / actual cost)

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