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**UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA**

**FINAL EXAMINATION  
SEMESTER II  
SESSION 2015/2016**

**COURSE NAME** : URBAN STORMWATER  
MANAGEMENT

**COURSE CODE** : BFW 40503

**PROGRAMME** : BFF

**DATE** : JUNE / JULY 2016

**DURATION** : 3 HOURS

**INSTRUCTION** : ANSWER **FIVE (5)** QUESTIONS  
ONLY

**THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF NINE (9) PAGES**

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- Q4** (a) List **THREE (3)** types of retention facilities for stormwater management practice.

(3 marks)

- (b) Differentiate between both terms as follows, and explain the similarity of their structure's function.

(i) Embankment Structures

(ii) Excavated Structures

(5 marks)

- (c) Identify by labeling **FIGURE Q4 (c)** particularly based on onsite detention (OSD) concept.

(4 marks)

- (d) Propose the suitable outlet structures to these facilities as shown in **FIGURE Q4 (d)** and give **TWO (2)** reasons for different design purpose and application.

(8 marks)

- Q5** (a) Determine the bypass flow the curved vane grate inlet ( $W = 1.5\text{m}$  and  $L = 1.0\text{m}$ ) located in a triangular gutter if  $S_x = 0.02$ ,  $S_L = 0.01$  and  $T = 2.5\text{m}$  carries  $Q = 0.85 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ . Show the efficiency of this grate. How long would the curve vane grate need to be to intercept 75% of the gutter flow. Given  $K_u = 0.0556$ .

(10 marks)

- (b) A concrete box culvert (1.5m by 1.5m with 45° wingwalls and a square edge at the crown) is 17m long ( $n=0.012$ ) and has slope of 1%. If the tailwater depth is 1.02m, analyze the headwater depth for a flow rate of  $50\text{m}^3/\text{s}$ . Check both inlet and outlet control conditions by sketching your illustration output. Given,  $k_s = 0.7$ ,  $k_e = 0.5$ ,  $k_n = 1.0^{1/3}/\text{s}$ ,  $K_I = 0.1475$  and  $M_I = 1.0$ .

(10 marks)

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- Q6** (a) Identify **FOUR (4)** pollutants that are likely to be found in urban stormwater and probable source of the pollutants.  
(2 marks)
- (b) List out the Best Management Practice (BMPs) categories. Provide **TWO (2)** examples (facilities) that effectively practiced to control stormwater quality.  
(6 marks)
- (c) *“Vegetative practices are usually employed in conjunction with other BMPs , since the vegetative practices alone do not have the capability of entirely controlling the increased runoff and pollutant export from a site”*. Briefly appraise this statement regarding the stormwater management practices and its application.  
(5 marks)
- (d) Describe clearly with the aid of sketches the erosion and sedimentation process.  
(7 marks)

**-END OF QUESTIONS-**

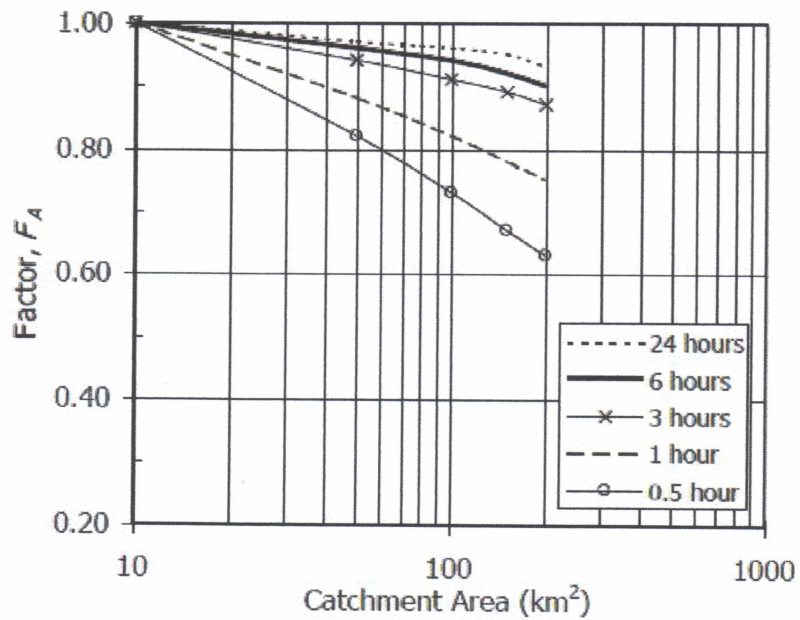
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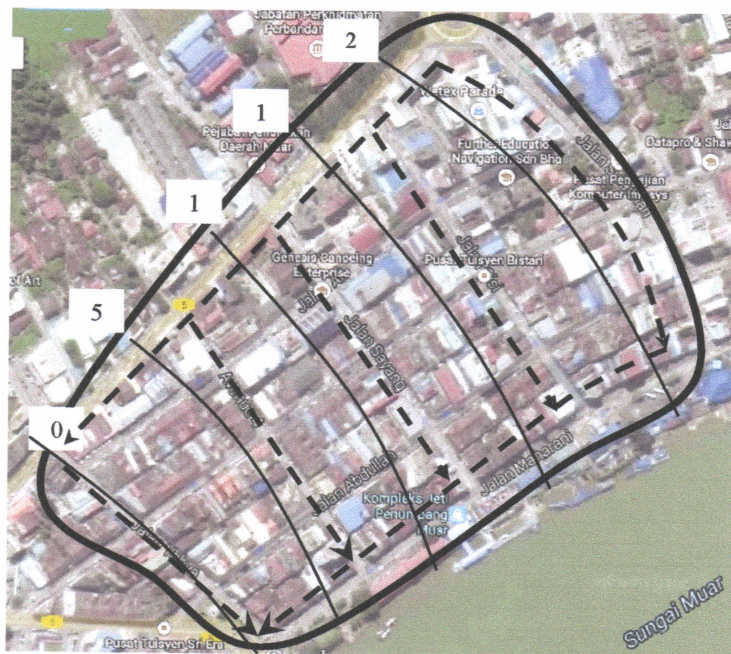
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**FIGURES**



**FIGURE Q2(c): Areal reduction factor**



**FIGURE Q3(b) : Bandar Maharani, Muar**

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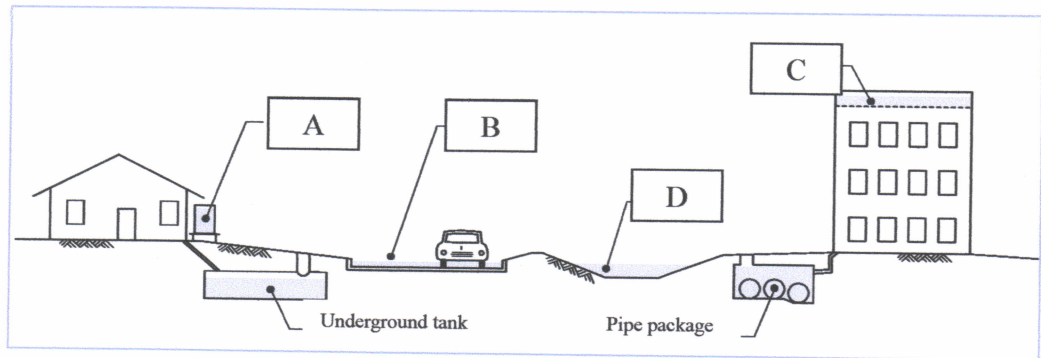
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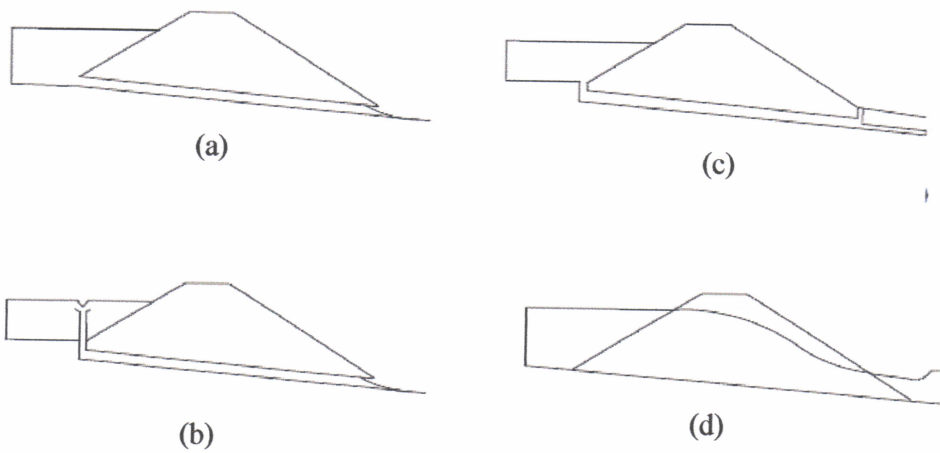
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**FIGURES**



**FIGURE Q4 (c) : On-site detention facilities**



**FIGURE Q4 (d) : Type of culverts**

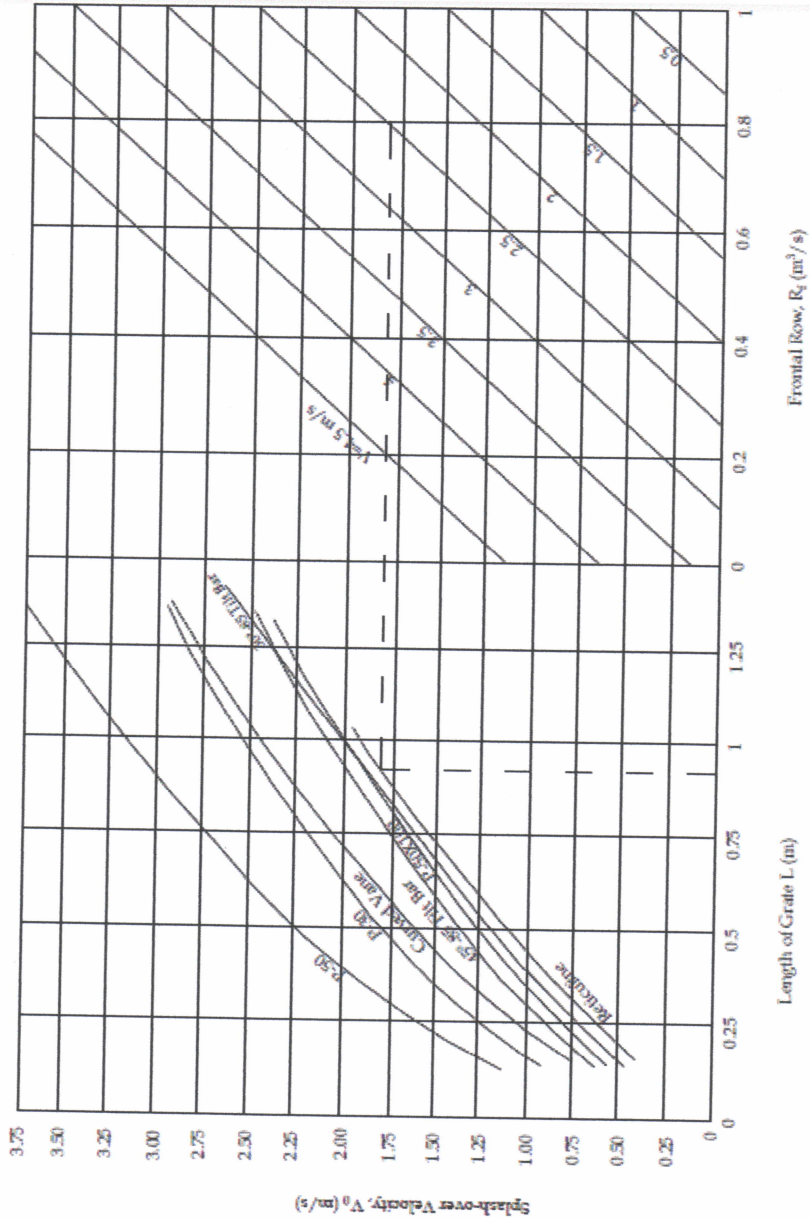
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**FIGURES**



**FIGURE Q5(a) : Design chart**

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**TABLES****TABLE Q2(c) and Q3(a) : Fitting constants for the IDF empirical equation**

State	No	Station ID	Station Name	Constant			
				$\lambda$	$\kappa$	$\theta$	$\eta$
Melacca	1	2222001	Bukit Sebukor	78.1482	0.2690	0.3677	0.8968
	2	2224038	Chin Chin Tepi Jalan	66.0589	0.3363	0.3301	0.8905
	3	2321006	Ladang Lendu	64.7588	0.2975	0.2896	0.8787
Johor	1	1437116	Stor JPS Johor Bahru	59.972	0.163	0.121	0.793
	2	1534002	Pintu Kawasan Tanjung Agas	80.936	0.187	0.258	0.890
	3	1541139	Ladang Labis	45.808	0.222	0.012	0.713

**TABLE Q3(a): Recommended Intervals for Design Rainfall Temporal Pattern**

Storm Duration (minutes)	Time Interval (minutes)
<b>Less than 60</b>	5
60 – 120	10
121 – 360	15
Greater than 360	30

**TABLE Q3(a): Region 2: Johor, Negeri Sembilan, Melaka, Selangor and Pahang**

No. of Block	Storm Duration			
	15-min	30-min	60-min	180-min
1	0.255	0.124	0.053	0.053
2	0.376	0.130	0.059	0.061
3	0.370	0.365	0.063	0.063
4		0.152	0.087	0.080
5		0.126	0.103	0.128
6		0.103	0.153	0.151
7			0.110	0.129
8			0.088	0.097
9			0.069	0.079
10			0.060	0.062
11			0.057	0.054
12			0.046	0.042



