

CONFIDENTIAL



UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER II
SESSION 2012/2013**

COURSE NAME : ELECTRIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS II
COURSE CODE : BEF 12503
PROGRAMME : 2 BEF
EXAMINATION DATE : JUNE 2013
DURATION : 3 HOURS
INSTRUCTION : ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF SIX (6) PAGES

CONFIDENTIAL

- Q1** In the circuit of Figure Q1, $R = 1 \Omega$, and $C = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$ and the dc voltage applied to the circuit is 5 V. If the switch is closed at time $t = 0$ s, find the particular solution for current $i(t)$ flowing in the the circuit for time $t \geq 0$. Assume zero initial charge is stored in the capacitor. (20 marks)
- Q2** The voltage $v_s(t) = 100\cos(400t + 60^\circ)$ is applied to the circuit shown in Figure Q2 at time $t = 0$. The resistance R has a value of 40Ω and the inductor has an inductance value of 75 mH. Find the particular solution for current $i(t)$ flowing in the circuit for $t \geq 0$. Asume zero initial current in the inductor. (20 marks)
- Q3** (a) Transform the delta connection shown in Figure Q3(a) into a star connection. (5 marks)
- (b) For the circuit shown in Figure Q3(b), find:
- (i) \bar{I}_1 (5 marks)
- (ii) \bar{I} (5 marks)
- iii) \bar{V}_{AC} (5 marks)
- Q4** (a) Explain the maximum power transfer theorem for a linear a.c. circuit. (5 marks)
- (b) For the circuit shown in Figure Q4, find:
- (i) the Thevenin equivalent circuit seen by the impedance \bar{Z} (7 marks)
- (ii) the value of \bar{Z} so that maximum power is transferred to it (1 mark)
- (iii) the maximum power transferred to \bar{Z} (7 marks)

- Q5** (a) Explain the terms *active power*, *reactive power*, *apparent power*, and *power factor* of a single phase load. (4 marks)
- (b) A parallel circuit consisting of two branches is connected across a 240 V, 50 Hz a.c. supply. The first branch consists of a coil having a resistance of $30\ \Omega$ and an inductance of 100 mH, and the other branch consists of a $40\text{-}\Omega$ resistor in series with a $100\ \mu\text{F}$ capacitor. Calculate:
- (i) total impedance of the circuit (4 marks)
- (ii) all branch currents (4 marks)
- (iii) magnitude of supply current (2 marks)
- (iii) active power consumed by the circuit (2 marks)
- (iv) Draw a phasor diagram showing the magnitudes and phase angles of the supply and branch currents relative to the supply voltage. (4 marks)
- Q6** (a) Explain the terms *resonance* and *Q-factor* of a series RLC circuit. (5 marks)
- (b) A circuit consists of an inductor of 0.05 H and a resistance $5\ \Omega$ in series with $0.1\ \mu\text{F}$. If the whole circuit is now connected across a 100 V a.c. supply, calculate:
- (i) the resonant frequency (Hz), (3 marks)
- (ii) the supply current at resonance, (3 marks)
- (iii) the rms voltage drop across each component at resonance, (3 marks)
- (iv) the Q factor. and (3 marks)
- (v) the bandwidth (Hz). (3 marks)

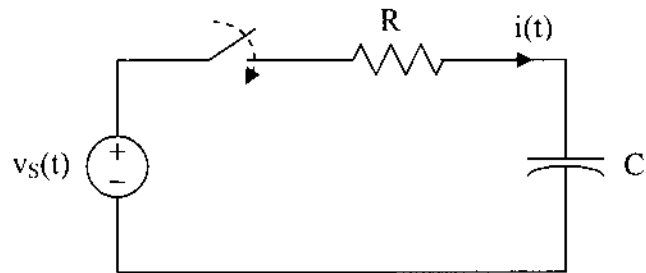
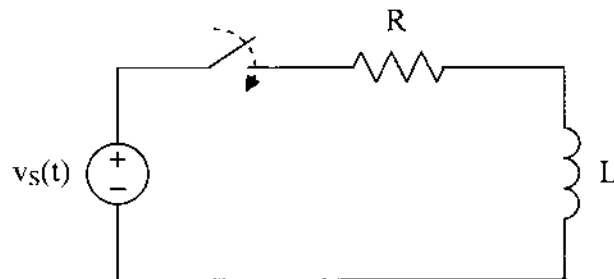
FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER/SESSION : SEM II/ 2012/2013

PROGRAMME : 2 BEF

COURSE NAME : ELECTRIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS II

COURSE CODE : BEF 12503

**FIGURE Q1****FIGURE Q2**

FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER/SESSION : SEM I/ 2012/2013

PROGRAMME : BEF

COURSE NAME : ELECTRIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS II

COURSE CODE : BEF 12503

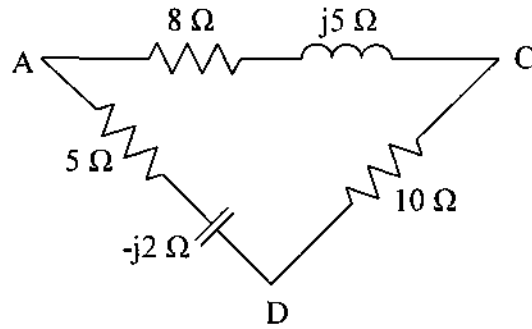


FIGURE Q3(a)

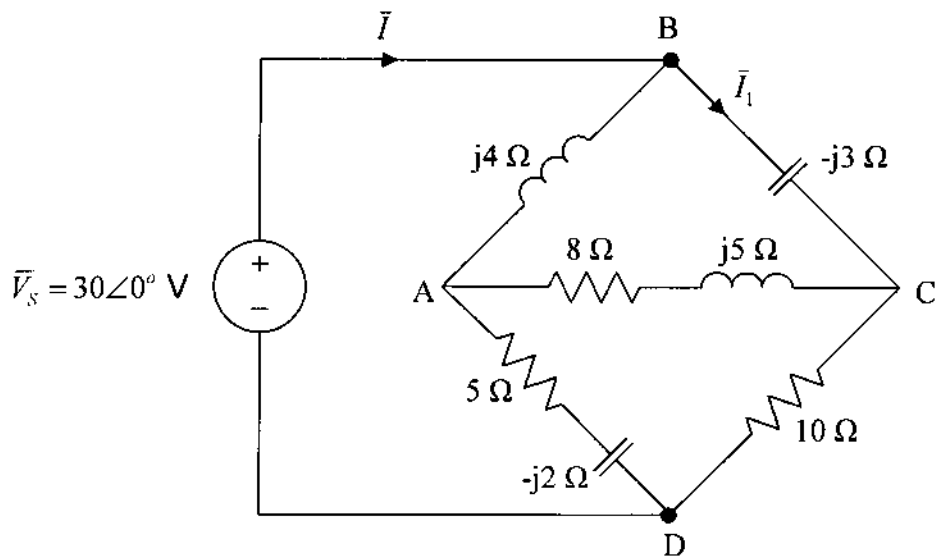


FIGURE Q3(b)

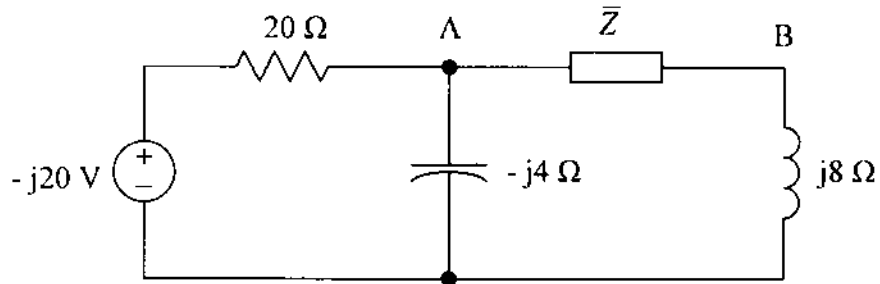
FINAL EXAMINATION

SEMESTER/SESSION : SEM II/ 2012/2013

PROGRAMME : 2 BEF

COURSE NAME : ELECTRIC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS II

COURSE CODE : BEF 12503

**FIGURE Q4**