

UNIVERSITI TUN HUSSEIN ONN MALAYSIA

FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER I SESSION 2018/2019

:

COURSE NAME

SOLID MECHANICS 2

COURSE CODE

BDA20903

PROGRAMME

BDD

EXAMINATION DATE :

DECEMBER 2018/JANUARY 2019

DURATION

3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION

ANSWER FOUR (4) QUESTIONS IN

PART A AND CHOOSE **ONE**(1)

QUESTION FROM PART B.

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF FIVE (5) PAGES

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PART A

- Q1. The strain rosette is mounted on a beam, and the strain gauge arrangement is shown in Figure Q1. The readings are obtained for each gauge: $\varepsilon_a = 200 \times 10^{-6}$, $\varepsilon_b = 100 \times 10^{-6}$, and $\varepsilon_c = -75 \times 10^{-6}$.
 - (a) Determine the strain components: ε_x , ε_y , and γ_{xy}

(5 marks)

(b) Draw the Mohr's circle to calculate the principle strains

(5 marks)

(c) Determine the average normal strain and the maximum in-plane shear strain

(5 marks)

(d) Illustrate the deformed element due to the strain conditions

(5 marks)

Q2. A steel truss as in Figure Q2 is slowly loaded at D downward. Identify the trusses that are undergoes compression and determine whether the trusses are buckled or not if the joint is pin-connected (Assuming that the length of each truss is 1 m, external diameter is 50 mm, thickness is 1 mm, modulus of elasticity 200GPa and the angle is 60°).

(20 marks)

- Q3 In a thick cylinder problem,
 - (a) Illustrate the type of stresses that would be developed when a thick cylinder is under internal pressure condition. Write down the basic Lame's equations used in thick cylinder.

(8 marks)

(b) A thick spherical shell of 400 mm internal diameter is subjected to an internal fluid pressure of 1.5 N/mm². If the permissible tensile stress in the shell material is 3 N/mm², find the necessary thickness of the shell.

(12 marks)



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- Q4. A thin-walled column has a circular cross section of diameter 200 mm and thickness 5 mm. It carries an axial tension load of 20 kN and a torque of 20 kNm. If the material of the column fails in tensile test at a stress of 130 MPa, determine if the loadings cause the column to fail according to the following theories of elastic failure:-
 - (a) Tresca theory.

(12 marks)

(b) Von Mises theory.

(8 marks)

PART B

- Q5. The acrobat in Figure Q5 has a weight of 800 N ($\approx 80 \text{ kg}$), and suspends himself uniformly from the center of the high bar (pipe). The modulus of elasticity of pipe is 200 GPa and has an outer diameter of 25 mm and a wall thickness of 3 mm. Determine:
 - a) The maximum deflection of pipe

(10 marks)

b) If the deflection at (a) not to exceed 10 cm, what is the maximum weight of acrobat.

(10 marks)

- Q6. (a) Using an appropriate diagram, explain the meaning of
 - (i) the modulus of toughness and

(2 marks)

(ii) the modulus of resilience.

(2 marks)

- (b) Members of the truss shown in **Figure Q6** consist of section of steel pipe. Each member has cross-sectional area of 1945 mm². Use E = 200 GPa and g = 9.81 ms⁻². A body of mass, m = 10 kg moving with a velocity, V_0 hits the truss at point A.
 - (i) Determine the largest speed V_0 that results the maximum deflection of end A equal to 1.5 mm downward. (12 marks)
 - (ii) If the body of mass m = 10 kg is released from the rest and falls a distance h before strikes the truss at points A, determine the distance h that results the maximum deflection of end A equal to 1.5 mm downward. (4marks)

-END OF QUESTION-

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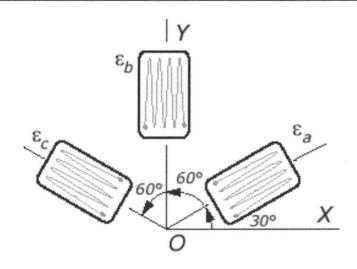


Figure Q1

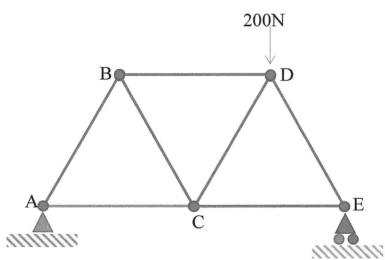


Figure Q2

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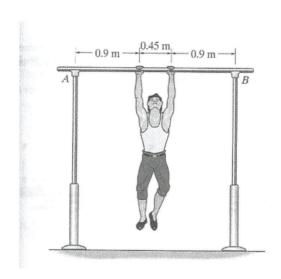


Figure Q5

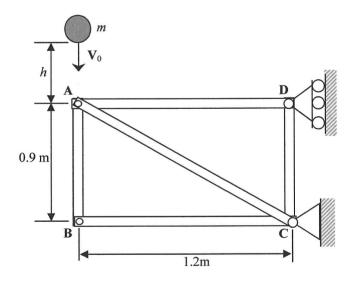


Figure Q6